THE CONSTITUTION.

VOLUME I. ATLANTA, GEORGIA, SUNDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1868. NUMBER 96

The Daily Constitution.

BY CAREY W. STYLES & CO.

Subscription Rates, Payable in Advance:

DAILY CONSTITUTION, per annum,...... $10.00
six months,........ 5.00
One month,....... 1.00
Single paper,........................ 10

All subscriptions are payable strictly in advance, and, at the expiration of the time for which payment is made, unless previously renewed, the name of the subscriber will be stricken from our books.

CLUB RATES:

.... $ 80.00
.... 150.00
...... copies...... dealers liberally contracted with.

WEEKLY CONSTITUTION, per an... 3.00
six months.... 1.50

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SQUARES.	1 week	2 weeks	3 weeks	1 month	2 months	3 months	6 months	12 months
1 square	3	6	8	10	16	20	35	60
2 squares	6	10	14	16	25	35	60	100
3 squares	8	14	20	25	40	50	75	120
4 squares	10	18	25	30	50	65	90	135
5 squares	12	22	30	35	60	70	105	150
quarter column	14	25	35	40	65	80	120	160
third of a col	20	40	50	60	85	110	150	200
half column	30	60	80	100	130	160	200	320
one column	50	70	100	130	160	200	300	500

Terms cash, before or on demand after the first insertion.

Advertisements must be marked for a specified time.

Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged as new each insertion.

All advertisements, or notices of advertisements, under "Local Business," are chargeable at the rate of TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A LINE for each insertion. No notice will appear for a less sum than ONE DOLLAR.

Advertisements under the head of "Special Notices," ...... cents per line for first insertion, and ...... for each subsequent insertion.

The above prices will be charged for transient advertisements.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

Sheriff's sales, per levy of ten lines or less.... $2 50
Sheriff's Mortgage fi. fa. sales, per square...... 5 00
Tax Collector's sales, per square............... 5 00
Citations for Letters of Administration......... 3 00
Citations for Letters of Guardianship........... 3 00
Letters of application for dismission from Administration.................................. 4 50
Letters of application for dismission from Guardianship................................... 3 00
Applications for leave to sell Land............. 5 00
Notices to Debtors and Creditors................ 3 00
Sales of Land, etc., per square.................. 5 00
Sales of perishable property, 10 days, per sqr. 1 50
Estray Notices, 30 days.......................... 3 00
Foreclosure of Mortgage, per sqr, each time... 1 00

TIME REQUIRED FOR LEGAL ADVERTISING.

Sales of Land, etc., by Administrators, Executors or Guardians, are required by law to be held on the first Tuesday in the month, between the hours of ten in the forenoon and three in the afternoon, at the Court House in the county in which the property is situated. Notices of these sales must be given in a public gazette 40 days previous to the day of sale.

Notices of the sale of personal property must be given in like manner 10 days previous to the day of sale.

Notice to the debtors and creditors of an estate must also be published 40 days.

Notice that application will be made to the Court of Ordinary for leave to sell Land, etc., must be published for two months.

Citations for letters of Administration, Guardianship, etc., must be published 30 days; for dismission from Administration, monthly 6 months; for dismission from Guardianship 40 days.

Rules for foreclosure of Mortgage must be published monthly for 4 months; for establishing lost papers, for the full space of 3 months; for compelling titles from Executors or Administrators, where bond has been given by the deceased, the full space of three months.

Publications will always be continued according to these, the legal requirements, unless otherwise ordered.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

GEORGIA RAILROAD—171 miles—Fare five cents per mile.—JOHN P. KING, President; E. W. COLE, Superintendent; G. T. ANDERSON, Agent at Atlanta.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta.................................5.00 A. M.
Arrive at Augusta............................3.45 P. M.
Leave Augusta................................7.00 A. M.
Arrive at Atlanta.............................6.30 P. M.
No trains on Sunday.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta.................................5.40 P. M.
Arrive at Augusta............................3.00 A. M.
Leave Augusta................................10.00 P. M.
Arrive at Atlanta.............................7.40 A. M.

ATLANTA & WEST POINT RAILROAD—87 miles—Fare, ... per mile—JOHN P. KING, President; L. P. GRANT, Superintendent; ...... Agent at Atlanta.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta.................................7:58 A. M.
Arrive at West Point..........................12:30 P. M.
Leave West Point.............................12:50 P. M.
Arrive at Atlanta.............................5:25 P. M.

NIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta.................................3:00 P. M.
Arrive at West Point..........................11:05 P. M.
Leave West Point.............................3:00 A. M.
Arrive at Atlanta.............................10:00 A. M.

MACON & WESTERN RAILROAD.—103 miles—Fare, five cents per mile—A. J. WHITE, President; E. A. ANDERSON, Agent at Atlanta:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Daily, except Sundays.

Leave Macon.................................7.45 A.M.
Arrive at Atlanta............................2.45 P.M.
Leave Atlanta................................7.15 A.M.
Arrive at Macon..............................1.30 P.M.

NIGHT EXPRESS PASSENGER TRAIN—DAILY.

Leave Atlanta................................6.30 P.M.
Arrive in Macon..............................2.10 A.M.
Leave Macon..................................8.40 P.M.
Arrive in Atlanta............................4.30 A.M.

POST OFFICE, ATLANTA, GA., February 19, 1868.—From and after this date, until further notice, this office will be opened and closed as follows:

Open at.......................... 8 o'clock, A M
Close at......................... 12½ o'clock, P M
Open at.......................... 2 o'clock, P M
Close at......................... 6 o'clock, P M

SUNDAYS.

Open at.......................... 8 o'clock, A M
Close at......................... 10 o'clock, A M
feb19—dtf THOS. G SIMMS, P. M.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Cards of six lines or less, under this head, inserted for twenty-five dollars for one year; fifteen dollars for six months; ten dollars for three months; five dollars for one month. Payable in advance.

ATTORNEYS.

FRANK E. BURKE, Attorney at Law, Preston, Webster county, Georgia. Collections promptly made and Litigated Cases attended to in all adjoining counties. Particular attention given to cases in bankruptcy. aug28-dtf.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

G. H. & A. W. FORCE, Wholesale Dealers in Boots and Shoes, Whitehall street, keep on hand the largest and best selected stock in Atlanta, and will sell to country merchants at New York prices, with freight added. july16-dly

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

S. BERMAN, dealer in Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, Silver Ware and Fancy Goods, Gold Pens and Spectacles, corner Marietta and Whitehall streets, (old Norcross corner,) Atlanta, Ga. Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, etc., repaired and warranted.

...OLLMAN, Dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Gold Pens, Spectacles, etc., Whitehall street, 2d door above M. Lynch & Co.'s Book Store, Atlanta, Ga. Repairing in good style and warranted.

UNITED STATES HOTEL.

BASSEEN, YORK & JOURDAN, PROPRIETORS.

Within 100 yards of the General Passenger Depot.

Corner Alabama and Prior Streets,

I. R. BASSEEN, S. W. YORK, R. T. JOURDAN. } ATLANTA, GA.

J. W. F. BRYSON, R. T. JOURDAN, Clerks.

BROWN'S HOTEL,

E. E. BROWN. W. F. BROWN.

(Opposite Depot)

MACON GA

THIS long and well known Hotel, with its unequalled system, still presents itself to the travelling public.

The House was opened on the 1st of January, 1855, and took at once a prominent position among the "first class" Hotels of the country. It has never been closed since, but it has been steadily increasing in prosperity, till it acknowledges no successful rival in the business in the State.

Recent improvements and refurnishing of the House, which is still in the hands of the Proprietors, have left nothing to be desired by those who love their ease and enjoy the comforts and luxuries of life. The Hotel is admirably situated for the convenience of the travelling public, being directly opposite the Passenger Depot, and but a few steps from the same. It has a retinue of well trained servants in every department, and the Proprietors will spare no pains or expense to sustain the established reputation of the Hotel. Special attention paid to the wants of lady guests. All who may sojourn at the House, and none shall go away dissatisfied, if an earnest endeavor to please will secure a liberal share of the public patronage. ja16-dtf

O. A. LOCHRANE,

Attorney & Counsellor AT LAW.

ATLANTA, Ga. Office in the building of the United States Court, on Broad street, formerly occupied by Brown & Pope, will practice in the Superior Courts of Fulton and Bibb counties, in the United States District and Circuit Courts at Atlanta and Savannah, and in the Supreme Court of the State.

The unfinished business of Brown & Pope is in course of preparation and will be completed by me. Office hours from 9 to 2, and from 3 to 6 o'clock. sept13 d3m

SAMUEL MEYER, COTTON FACTOR AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

(Office at Glenn, Wright & Carr's Warehouse.) Liberal advances made on shipments to our friends in New York, Liverpool and Savannah. sep15d6m

ELAM CHRISTIAN, General Commission Merchant, GRIFFIN, GEORGIA.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

REFERENCES:—Col. C. W. Styles, Gen. J. B. Gordon, Atlanta, Ga. Hon. Warren Aiken, Bartow County, Ga. W. A. Huff & Co., T. W. Freeman & Co., Macon, Ga. aug 23d

T. T. SMITH, Savannah. D. P. HILL, Atlanta. W. L. LAMPKIN, Forsyth.

SMITH, HILL & LAMPKIN, COTTON COMMISSION MERCHANTS, SAVANNAH, GA.

WE are prepared to make liberal advances on consignments to ourselves, and on Cotton shipped to Northern markets or Liverpool. aug11-d3m

R. W. HOGAN, of Georgia, WITH W. A. RANSOM & CO. Manufacturers and Jobbers of BOOTS AND SHOES, 384 & 386 Broadway, New York. Warren A. Ransom, Aaron P. Ransom, Darius W. Geer, Robert H. Boyd. sep8d1m

MORRIS & TRIMBLE, Importers Manufacturers and Dealers in French Burr and other Mill Stones, BOLTING CLOTHS,

BEST quality Anker Brand, by the piece or cut to order. Smut Machines, Belting, and Mill Furnishing Goods generally. WEST FALLS AVENUE, Near Pratt Street Bridge, Baltimore. aug18-d3m

J. M. & J. C. ALEXANDER, DEALERS IN Dutch Bolting Cloths, Mill Findings, HARDWARE, IRON, NAILS, Carriage Material, Agricultural and Mining Implements & Supplies, HOES, CHAINS, SCYTHE BLADES AND CRADLES, Tools for all Trades, Metals, Belting, Hollow Ware, &c. WHITEHALL STREET ......ATLANTA, GA. mar27—1y

Chicago Ale Depot.

M. E. KENNY has constantly on hand a full supply of the celebrated LILL'S CHICAGO ALE, and is prepared to supply dealers in any quantity. He is also dealer in BRANDIES, WINES, WHISKIES and SEGARS. Sample Rooms, No. 14 Alabama street, next door to the United States Hotel. april—d1y

MACGREGOR LINE! DIRECT Steam Communication WITH EUROPE!

THE Georgia and Liverpool LINE! OF First-Class New Iron Clyde-Built Steamships, COMPOSED OF THE

SARASOTA,	Now building.
SALUDA,	Now building.
SELMA,	Now building.
SAVANNAH,	Now building.
SATILLA,	Now building.
WAVERLY,	Captain BRYSON.
LEITH,	Captain BARNETSON.
STIRLING,	Captain BLACK.
RIGA,	Captain HUNTER.
DON,	Captain MASON.

Freight taken from and to St. Louis, Nashville, Memphis, Vicksburg, Selma, Montgomery, Eufaula, Tallahassee, Atlanta, Macon, Columbus, Augusta, Griffin, Albany, Americus, Greensboro, Madison, Covington, Athens, Newnan, LaGrange, West Point, Cuthbert, Dawson, Thomasville, Cartersville, and all points in the Southern States, Great Britain and the Continent.

Bills of lading signed on Railroad receipts at interior points of shipment. Press receipts at Savannah and dray receipts at Liverpool. Insurance effected from interior points of shipment and from Savannah, when desired, on our open policies here or in Liverpool.

Advance of three-quarters of the value at the time of shipment given upon consignments, and proceeds guaranteed.

Proposed days of sailing from Savannah, **1st and 15th of Each Month**, commencing as follows:

WAVERLY, 1,500 bales capacity, 15th November.
DON, 2,500 bales capacity, - - 1st December.
RIGA, 3,500 bales capacity, - - 15th December.
LEITH, 4,500 bales capacity, - - 1st January.

Extra steamers of 1,500 and 3,000 bales capacity will be despatched to Liverpool, Havre, Bremen, Hamburg, Antwerp, Trieste, Genoa, and Cronstadt, whenever inducement offers.

Freight taken from Cardiff, or any indirect port, for Savannah. Apply to WM. M. TUNO & CO. In Liverpool to STODDART BROTHERS, and Leith to DONALD R. MACGREGOR. sept6 d3m

The Fair.

HON. ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS, at the earnest solicitations of the ladies, has consented to be present at the great Fair, to be held in this city 6th to the 10th inst., and will give a public reading during the week for the benefit of the object for which the Fair is to be held.

Magnificent Presents

To be given away by election during the Fair: One of two Pianos, one worth $600 and the other worth $800, if over 500 votes are cast at $1.00 each, the lady receiving the highest number of votes will be allowed to make choice of instruments. If less than 500 votes are cast the person elected will be entitled to the cheapest piano on exhibition.

The Bride.

A magnificent (doll) Bride, life size, will be presented to the most popular bachelor in the city—his popularity to be determined by election at 25cts a vote.

A Magnificent Gold-head Cane will be presented to the most popular man in Georgia; votes 50cts each. This cane was presented by J. M. Holbrook, Esq.

Jewelry.

An elegant set Rose Coral, Etruscan Gold, Breast Pin and Ear Rings will be presented to the lady receiving the highest number of vote at 50cts each. Donated by Er Lawshe, Esq. oct2d6t

ATTENTION!

Cotton Planters and Shippers.

WOOLFOLK, WALKER & CO. MACON, GEORGIA.

SUCCESSORS to WOOLFOLK & ANDERSON, at the Harris & Ross Warehouse, would respectfully call the attention of their planting friends and cotton shippers generally to the fact that they have formed a copartnership under the above style, for the transaction of a Warehouse and Commission Business, pledging themselves to give their undivided attention to the interests of their patrons.

We will make liberal advances upon Cotton in store, and will also fill all orders for our customers with promptness and dispatch. We solicit your favors.

JAS. H. WOOLFOLK
JOEL A. WALKER,
JNO. F. HAFER.

June 17—d4m

DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM,

Adopted by the New York National Democratic Convention, July 7, 1868.

The Democratic party, in National Convention assembled, reposing its trust in the intelligence, patriotism and discriminating justice of the people; standing upon the Constitution as the foundation and limitation of the powers of the Government and the guarantee of the liberties of the citizen; and recognizing the questions of slavery and secession as having been settled for all time to come by the war or the voluntary action of the Southern States in Constitutional Convention assembled, and never to be renewed or re-agitated, do, with the return of peace, demand—

1. Immediate restoration of all the States to their rights in the Union under the Constitution and civil government of the American people.

2. Amnesty for all past political offenses, and the regulation of the elective franchise in the States by their citizens, and payment of the public debt of the United States as rapidly as practicable.

3. All money drawn from the people by taxation, except so much as is requisite for the necessities of the Government, economically administered, should be honestly applied to such payment, and where the obligations of the Government do not expressly state upon their face, or the law under which they were issued does not provide, that they shall be paid in coin, they ought, in right and justice to be paid in the lawful money of the United States.

4. Equal taxation of every species of property according to its real value, including Government bonds and other public securities.

5. One currency for the Government and people, the laborer and the office-holder, the pensioner and the soldier, the producer and the bond-holder.

6. Economy in the administration of the government; the reduction of the standing army and navy; the abolishment of the Freedmen's Bureau, and all political instrumentalities designed to secure negro supremacy; simplification of the system and the discontinuance of inquisitorial boards for assessing and collecting internal revenue, so that the burden of taxation may be equalized and lessened; the credit of the government and the currency made good; the repeal of all enactments for enrolling the State militia into national forces in time of peace; a tariff for revenue upon foreign imports, and such equal taxation under the internal revenue laws as will afford incidental protection to domestic manufactures, and as will, without impairing the revenue, impose the least burden upon and best promote and encourage the great industrial interests of the country.

7. Reform of abuses in the administration, the expulsion of corrupt men from offices, the abrogation of useless offices, the restoration of rightful authority to, and the independence of the Executive and Judicial departments of the Government, the subordination of the military to the civil power to the end that the usurpations of Congress and the despotism of the sword may cease.

8. Equal rights and protection for naturalized and native born citizens at home and abroad; an assertion of American nationality which shall command the respect of foreign powers, and furnish an example and encouragement to people struggling for national integrity, constitutional rights, and the maintenance of the rights of naturalized citizens against the absolute doctrine of immutable allegiance, and the claims of foreign powers to punish them for alleged crime committed beyond their jurisdiction.

In demanding these measures and reforms we arraign the Radical party for its disregard of right, and the unparalleled oppression and tyranny which have marked its career, after the most solemn and unanimous pledge of both houses of Congress to prosecute the war exclusively for the maintainance of the government and the preservation of the Union under the Constitution.

It has repeatedly violated that most sacred pledge under which was rallied that noble volunteer army that carried our flag to victory.

Instead of restoring the Union, it has so far as in its power dissolved it, and subjected ten States in time of peace to military despotism and negro supremacy.

It has nullified there the right of trial by jury.

It has abolished the habeas corpus, that most sacred writ of liberty.

It has overthrown the freedom of speech and the press.

It has substituted arbitrary seizures and arrests, and military trials and Star Chamber inquisitions for constitutional tribunals.

It has disregarded in time of peace the right of the people to be free from search and seizures.

It has entered the post and telegraph offices, and even the private rooms of individuals, and seized their private papers and letters, without any specification or notice of affidavit, as required by the organic law.

It has converted the American capitol into a Bastile.

It has established a system of spies and official espionage to which no constitutional monarchy of Europe would now dare resort.

It has abolished the right of appeal on important constitutional questions to the Supreme Judiciary tribunal, and threatens to curtail or destroy its original jurisdiction, which is irrevocably vested by the Constitution, while the learned Chief Justice has been subjected to the most atrocious calumnies, merely because he would not prostitute his high office to the support of the false and partisan charges preferred against the President.

Its corruption and extravagance have exceeded anything known in history, and by its frauds and monopolies it has nearly doubled the burden of debt created during the war.

It has stripped the President of his constitutional power of appointment, even of his own cabinet.

Under its repeated assaults the pillars of the Government are rocking on their base, and should it succeed in November next and inaugurate its President, we will meet as a subjected and conquered people amid the ruins of liberty and the scattered fragments of the Constitution; and we do declare and resolve that ever since the people of the United States threw off all subjection to the British Crown, the privilege and trust of suffrage have belonged to the several States, and have been granted, regulated and controlled exclusively by the political power of each State respectively, and any attempt by Congress, on any pretext whatever to deprive any State of this right, or interfere with this exercise, is a flagrant usurpation of power which can find no warrant in the Constitution, and, if sanctioned by the people, will subvert our form of government, and can only end in a single centralized, consolidated government, in which the separate existence of the States will be entirely absorbed, and an unqualified despotism be established in place of a Federal Union of equal States.

That we regard the reconstruction acts of Congress, so-called, as usurpations, unconstitutional, revolutionary and void, and that our soldiers and sailors who carried the flag of our country to victory against a most gallant and determined foe, must ever be gratefully remembered, and all the guarantees given in their favor must be faithfully carried into execution.

That the public lands should be distributed widely among the people, and should be disposed of either under the pre-emption of homestead laws, and sold in reasonable quantities, and to none but actual occupants at the minimum price as established by the Government. When grants of the public lands may be allowed, necessary for the encouragement of important public improvements, the proceeds of the sales of such lands, and not the lands themselves, should be applied.

That the President of the United States, Andrew Johnson, in exercising the power of his high office in resisting the aggressions of Congress on the constitutional rights of the States and the people, is entitled to the gratitude of the whole American people, and on behalf of the Democratic party we tender him our thanks for his patriotic efforts in that regard.

Upon this platform the Democratic party appeal to every patriot, including all the conservative element and all who desire to support the Constitution and restore the Union, forgetting all past differences of opinion, to unite with us in the present great struggle for the liberties of the people, and that to all such, to whatever party they may have heretofore belonged, we extend the right hand of fellowship, and hail all such co-operating with us as friends and brothers.

ATLANTA POST OFFICE.—ARRIVAL and Departure of Mails. Office open at 8 o'clock, A. M.; Close at 7, P. M. Sunday—from 8 to 10, A. M. Officers: THOS. G. SIMMS, Postmaster; FRANK MILLS, Assistant Postmaster; J. S. NALL, Money Order and Registry Clerk and Cashier; J. C. DANIEL, Mailing Clerk; J. W. WOODRUFF, Distributing Clerk; C. BRUMLEY, W. A. ORME, Delivery Clerks; M. W. SMITH, Stamp Clerk; P. H. WOODWARD, Special Agent Postoffice Department.

	Mails arr've	Mails Cl'se.
Washington, D. C.	3.45, A. M.	6 P. M.
New York	3.45 "	6 "
Philadelphia	3.45 "	6 "
Baltimore	3.45 "	6 "
Memphis and Arkansas	3.45 "	6 "
Louis'lle, Cinci'ti, Chicago and Nashville	3.45 "	6 "
W. & A. R. R. Way Mail	3.45 "	6 "
Augusta, Ga	7.45 A.M. 4.20 P.M.	5 P.M. 6 A.M.
Charleston	7.45 A.M. 4.20 P.M.	5 P.M.
Ga. R. R. Way Mail, Athens, Ga. and Milledgeville, Ga	4.20 P. M.	6 A. M.
M. & W. R.R. Way Mail	2.00 P. M.	6.45 A. M.
Macon	4.00 A. M.	6 P. M.
Savannah, S. W. R. R. and Florida	4.00 A. M.	6 P. M.
New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery and Columbus	5.20 P. M.	7 A. M.
Atlanta and Montgomery Way May	5.20 P. M.	7 A. M.

TRI-WEEKLY MAIL LINE.

Atlanta to Dahlonega—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Dahlonega to Blairsville and to Murphy, N. C.—Weekly—Saturdays.

Newnan to Carrollton and Bowden—Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Newnan to Franklin—semi-Weekly—Wednesdays and Saturdays.

LaGrange to Griffin—Tri-Weekly, via Greenville, Ga.

LaGrange to Columbus, via Hamilton—Tri-Weekly.

Stone Mountain, Ga., to Lawrenceville—Tri-Weekly.

Lawrenceville to Gainesville—Weekly—Saturdays.

Athens to Gainesville—Semi-Weekly—Tuesdays and Thursdays.

Cartersville to Marble Works and Hiwassee Weekly—Tuesdays.

EVENING EDITION.

DAILY CIRCULATION OVER 3,000!

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, OCTOBER 3.

Mass Meetings are ordered, by the Executive Committee, at the following times and places:

Blackspear, Pierce county, Wednesday, October 7.

Jacksonville, Telfair county, Wednesday October 7.

THE BANNER OF THE SOUTH.—What has become of Father Ryan's inimitable literary Weekly, the Banner of the South? We have missed it for several weeks.

RELIEF BILL.—We publish this evening, an authentic copy of the Relief Bill, passed by the present General Assembly and signed by the Governor. It is an important bill to every citizen of the State, and we hope those wishing it will call and order the number of copies they wish, before our morning edition. We get no "Government pap," else we would gratuitously distribute it.

GEN. WOFFORD ENDORSES THE NOMINATION OF GEN. YOUNG.—We are pleased to learn that after the nomination at Kingston, on Friday, Gen. Wofford being present, he stated to a number of gentlemen that he cordially endorsed the nomination of Gen. Young.

It is gratifying to know that the entire Democracy of the district cheerfully acquiesce in the result, and will give the nominee a cordial support.

MATRIMONY UNDERGROUND.—Mr. Benjamin M. Davenport, of Nebraska City, Nebraska, and Miss Ellen Campbell, of Hopkinsville, Kentucky, were hymeniated in the Mammoth Cave, on the 29th ult.

Rev. E. Capers, a Brigadier General in the late Confederate army, was last week ordained an Episcopal minister by Bishop Davis, of South Carolina.

Brick Pomeroy is delivering temperance lectures in New York. He says he never drank a glass of liquor, nor was he ever in a bar-room.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING AT BLACKSHEAR.—There will be a grand Mass Meeting at Blackshear on the 7th of October.

Young Men's Democratic Club, Albany.

ALBANY, GA., Sept. 26, 1868.

At a meeting of the Young Men's Democratic Club of Albany, held this evening, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, This Club has heretofore passed resolutions tendering the services of its members at any and all times, to Major O. H. Howard, agent of the Freedmen's Bureau of this district, and to the city authorities of Albany, for the purpose of aiding in the preservation of peace and the suppression of riot;

And whereas, a copy of said resolutions were sent to Major Howard, and also published in the city paper of Albany, The Albany News;

And whereas, Major Howard, in the face of said resolutions, did in his report to General Sibley, of the recent riot, or disturbance which occurred in Camilla, by most *direct* and *unequivocal* insinuation, charge this Club with the instigation of said riot, it is

Resolved, That said resolutions, so far as they relate to a tender of the services of this Club to Major Howard, are hereby rescinded.

Resolved, That this Club had no complicity with or agency in, the instigation of said riot, either directly or indirectly, and would not only have rejected with indignation the intimation of such a proposition, but would, if they had been advised of an apprehended riot, have instituted prompt action to have prevented it, although Camilla is not properly within their jurisdiction; and that said insinuation of Major Howard to the contrary was not simply unkind and unjust, but *wholly gratuitous*.

Resolved, That it is the sense and full belief of this Club, that no member of it, or any other citizen of Albany, visited Camilla for any such unlawful and unholy purpose; and that it is well-known that Capt. J. W. Armstrong, agent of the S. W. Railroad at Albany, went there on Thursday, preceding said riot, in company with Virgil Powers, Esq., the Superintendent of said road and a resident of Macon, Georgia, exclusively on business connected with said railroad.

Resolved, That a copy of this preamble and these resolutions, be sent to Gen. Sibley, the Secretary of War, and Major Howard, and published in the Albany News and Atlanta CONSTITUTION.

B. G. LOCKETT, President.

J. W. ARMSTRONG, JR., Secretary.

Special Dispatch to the New York World.]

GENERAL BLAIR'S MOVEMENTS.—*Pittsburg, September* 28.—General Frank P. Blair arrived here yesterday morning, and to-night made a speech of over an hours' duration from the balcony of the St. Charles Hotel. Such a turn out to hear the General was never before seen in this city. It seemed as if Gabriel had sounded his trumpet and brought people from the uttermost part of the earth. The blazing line of torches was miles in length, and the Democrats never fully realized their strength until to-night. There were between 10,000 and 15 000 people in the procession, and public and private buildings along the route were most beautiful decorated and illuminated. For an impromptu affair it exceeded the expectation of almost every one, and the Republicans looked blank and chop-fallen. General Blair's voice failed to reach one-third of those who had assembled to hear him. The mottoes on the transparencies were exceedingly pertinent and in some cases provoked many a smile from the opposition. Without fear of successful contradiction, it can be said to be the most brilliant turn out ever witnessed in this city. W. R. M.

GENERAL JOHN B. GORDON.—We see by a notice in the Southern Enterprise that this gentleman will speak in Thomasville on Saturday, October 10th. We are glad to hear that the General is coming into Southern Georgia. We hope his time is not so brief that he cannot call at other points on the Gulf Road for the purpose of addressing the people. A short notice will bring large crowds to hear him at Valdosta, Quitman, and other points. No one will be more acceptable to the people of South Georgia.—*South Georgia Times.*

The Camilla Affair.

BROWN'S HOTEL, MACON, GA., September 28, 1868.

Mr. J. W. Armstrong, Jr., Albany, Ga.—

SIR: I have the honor to inform you that upon a personal investigation of the Camilla affair, I was unable to discover that your visit to Camilla had any reference, however remote, to that affair, and I regret exceedingly that it should have been made to appear that it had. Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

O. H. HOWARD,
Bt. Maj. U. S. A.

GEORGIA LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

SATURDAY, October 3, 1868.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment, and was opened with prayer by Rev. Mr. Smithh of the Seventh.

The Journal was read and approved.

Mr. HINTON moved to reconsider the Appropriation Bill Carried.

Mr. BURNS moved to strike out section two, upon the ground that it gave the Governor power to employ as much assistance in his office as he may deem necessary. Lost.

A section was adopted appropriating $500 additional compensation to Marshall, Mills, Hendricks and Knight, secretaries of the Senate, and Harden Cleghorn and Carrington, Clerks of the House, each, for extra services rendered.

After further discussion of the bill, and the passage of several additional sections, the bill was passed and transmitted to the House.

Mr. CANDLER offered the following additional section to the Appropriation Bill:

That the Hon. W. M. Nicholls, from the county of Chatham, and Hon. Joseph E. Brown, honorary members of the Legislature, be allowed the same pay and mileage as other members of this body, and five hundred dollars, each, for *extra services*. The President ruled the motion out of order.

The Senate then took up the bill amended by the House, to organize a Criminal Court in each county of this State, to have jurisdiction in all cases where the crime is punishable by imprisonment in the Penitentiary or death.

The Senate refused to concur in the House amendment, and proceeded to take up a bill to alter and amend the charter of Americus. The bill passed.

HOUSE BILLS ON THIRD READING.

To incorporate the town of Colquitt in the county of Miller. Passed.

To change the line between Greene and Taliaferro. Passed.

To incorporate the Cherokee Manufacturing Compan, and the Etowah Manufacturing Company. Passed.

To increase the capitol stock of the Wilcoxen Manufacturing Company. Passed.

To incorporate the town of Cochran, in the county of Pulaski. Passed.

To amend an act incorporating the town of Marthasville, now city of Atlanta. Passed.

To authorize the survey of lands in the 6th District of Habersham. Indefinitely postponed.

To incorporate the Noonatoodly Mining and Manufacturing Company. Passed.

To compel the collection of unpaid tax due for the year 1867. Passed.

To change the line between Clay and Calhoun. Passed.

To create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenue in each county. Indefinitely postponed.

The Senate then went into Executive Session.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

THURSDAY, October. 3.

The House met pursuant to adjournment.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Crumley.

Journal read and approved.

Mr. ANDERSON moved to reconsider the action of the House on the bill to require the Supreme Court Reporter to publish in pamphlet form the decisions thereof.

Mr. FLOURNOY spoke against the motion to reconsider.

Mr. SHUMATE spoke in favor of the motion to reconsider.

Bill reconsidered.

A bill to incorporate the Pulaski Fire and Marine Insurance Company, of Savannah, Ga. Recommited and amended. Passed.

A bill to authorize Margaret A. Crew, of the county of Madison, to contract marriage. Passed.

A bill to change the time of hold Superior Courts in the Coweta Circuit. Passed.

A bill to change the line between the counties of Calhoun and Early. Passed.

A bill to regulate the municipal election in Atlanta. Passed.

A bill to exempt foreign capital to be invested in the manufacture of cotton and woolen goods from taxation for three years.

Mr. SCOTT of Floyd, said that one Company from Rhode Island proposed to invest two million dollars in manufactories, in this State, if they would be exempt from taxation until the building were completed. This bill should commend itself to every member.

Mr. TWEEDY was opposed to the bill because it was class legislation.

Mr FLOURNOY thought it was an unjust discrimination. No good will come of it. If the resources of the country are such as to invite capital here it will come.

Motion was made to indefinitely postpone and prevailed.

A bill to amend 1442 and 1444 sections of Irwin's Code. Lost.

A bill to provide for the election of Mayor and Aldermen in the city of Columbus. Passed.

A bill to appropriate money to pay James M. Edwards, of Taylor county, for the education of poor children. Postponed indefinitely.

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Louisville, Jefferson county. Lost.

SENATE BILLS ON THIRD READING.

A bill to give liens on saw mills to employees or persons providing timber, etc., and for other purposes. The yeas and nays were required on the passage of this bill and resuled yeas 77, nays 20.

A bill to change the line between the counties of Macon and Sumter. Laid on the table for the present

A bill to amend section 4487 of Irwin's Code Passed.

A bill to prevent the digging of ginseng at certain seasons of the year. Passed.

A bill in relation to the protest of bills of exchange, &c. Indefinitely postponed.

A bill to change the lines between the counties of Gilmer and Fanin. Amended and passed.

A bill to reduce the bonds of the sheriff of the counties of Wayne and Apping. Postponed indefinitely.

A bill to change the time of holding the Supreme Court in the county of Macon. Passed.

A bill to provide the time and manner of trying writs of *quo warranto*. Passed.

A bill for the relief of securities during the war. Indefinitely postponed.

A bill to incorporate the Cotton States Life Insurance Copany, of Macon, Ga. Passed

A bill to continue in office Judges of the Superior Courts in certain cases. Passed.

On motion of Mr. FLOURNOY the Appropriation Bill was taken up and amendments made by the Senate read; some of these amendments were concurred in and some rejected.

Mr. BRYANT rose to a personal explanation. An article had appeared in one of the city papers in regard to what he said in the discussion on the Fyall case. He said the language as reported in this paper [THE CONSTITUTION] conveyed the idea that Fyall's testimony was to be believed sooner because he was a negro. Such was not his intention. He meant that Fyall, as a member of the House, was more entitled to respect as a member of the House than an outsider. This sheet [THE CONSTITUTION] goes on to speak of me as a coward. I have tested my courage on the battle-field where men do prove it, and because I do not wish to show my courage as blackguards and gamblers do, I am branded as a coward. I will make such statements when and where I choose and am responsible for them.

It is further stated that this young man came to me, &c. The son of this man did come to me and accosted me, and I took him to the Speaker and made the same explanation to him that I made here.

NOTE BY REPORTER.—It is not my business to report what Mr. Bryant or any other member of the House intended to say. It is my duty, and I am so instructed by my employers, to report what is *said and done*. He used the language as reported He did not say what it meant and I did not put any explanation down. Had I been called on to explain what he did mean, I certainly would have given his explanation.

House adjourned till 3 o'clock this afternoon.

AN ACT for the relief of debtors, and to authorize the adjustment of debts upon principles of equity.

SEC. 1. The General Assembly of the State of Georgia enacts that in all suits which shall be brought for the recovery of debts in any of the courts of this State, or upon contracts for the payment of money made prior to the first day of June 1865, except for the sale or hire of slaves, it shall and may be lawful for the parties in all such cases to give in evidence before the jury empanneled to try the same, the consideration of the debt or contract which may be the subject of the suit, the amount and value of the property owned by the debtor at the time the debt was contracted, or the contract entered into to show upon the faith of what property credit was given to him, and what tender or tenders of payment he made to the creditors at any time, and that the non payment of the debt or debts was owing to the refusal of the creditor to receive the money tendered or offered to be tendered; the destruction or loss of the property upon the faith of which the credit was given, and the amount of loss by the creditor, and how and in what manner the property was destroyed or lost, and by whose default.

And in all such cases, the juries which try the same shall have power to reduce the amount of the debt or debts sued for, according to the equities of each case, and render such verdicts as to them shall appear just and equitable.

Sec. 2 That in all cases in which verdicts have been rendered or judgments entered upon debts contracted prior to the first day of June, 1865, and the judgments remains unsatisfied, it shall be lawful for the defendant or defendants, by motion in the court in which the judgment was obtained, to have the same submitted to a jury for trial, upon the same terms and conditions as are contained in the preceding section, with like powers to the jury to reduce the amount of the judgment according to the equities of each case, and render such verdict as to them shall appear equitable and just; and the judgment rendered in such case shall supersede the prior judgment: provided no judgment shall lapse the priority of its lien by reason of the rendition of a new judgment; and provided that in all such cases twenty days notice shall be given to the plaintiff in execution. Cases in the Superior Courts, and in cases transferred to that court from the inferior and County Courts and in the Justices Courts ten days notice shall be given; and in all cases commenced by motion in either the Superior or Justices Court the case or cases shall be in order for trial at the term at which the motion may be made but shall be subject to continuances as cases upon the appeal

Sec. 3. That in all cases in which the defendant may have in possession the property for which the debts sued on was contracted, the jury shall have power to render a verdict returning the property, together with compensation for the use of the same; provided, that any improvements made by the defendant shall be taken in consideration, or any part of the purchase money which may have been paid for the same, according to the value of the property at the time of the trial.

Sec. 4. That in suits against trustees, administrators, executors or guardians, it shall be lawful for the defendant or defendants to give in evidence the loss or destruction of the trust property which came into their hands, or its depreciation in value, and the value of the property in their hands at the commencement of the suit, shall be the measure of damages be rendered by the jury against them; provided that no trustee, administrator, executor or guardian shall be exempt from liability for the value of any trust which he may have waisted, or which has been lost by his neglect or default.

Sec. 5. That in all suits which may be commenced by original action or to motion, under this act, both parties thereto shall be competent witnesses.

Sec. 6. That in all arbitrations to adjust and set tle debts contracted prior to June 1st, 1865, the same rules and regulations shall apply, and the same evidence shall be admissable as provided in the first section of this act.

Sec. 7. In all cases where levies have been made and the property levied upon has not been sold, it shall and may be lawful for the defendant or defendants to file their affidavits, stating that they desire to take the benefit of the remedy provided for in this act, and the sheriffs to whom said affidavits are presented, shall receive the same, and suspend the sale, and return the papers to the court from which the process under which they act may have issued, or to such court as may by law have jurisdiction; provided that the property levied upon, shall be returned to the defendant upon his giving bond and security, as in claim cases.

Sec. 8. That all laws and parts of laws militating against this act, be, and the same are hereby repealed.

BENJAMIN CONLEY,
President of the Senate.
A. E MARSHALL,
Secretary of the Senate.
R. L. McWHORTER.
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
L. CARRINGTON,
Clerk of the House of Representatives.

One of the Most Infamous, Cold-blooded Assassinations on Record.

General Thomas C. Hindman, of Helena, Arkansas, Shot in His Own Residence.

Arrest of the Alleged Murderer.

From the Memphis Avalanche, Sept. 29.]

A most atrocious murder has been committed on one of the noblest and bravest men of the whole South, who, in the deadliest of the fight, showing his prowess in battle and his fearlessness in his devotion to the Southern cause, had none to excel him. We allude to the gallant General Thomas C. Hindman, of Helena, Arkansas, who on Sunday night fell by the hand of the assassin. All the particulars to be obtained are embraced in the following special dispatch, received at this office last night:

HELENA, ARK. Sept. 28.—Gen. Thomas C. Hindman was assassinated at his residence, in the midst of his family, at ten o'clock last night. He was shot through a window, near which he was sitting, with a musket loaded with buck and ball. He was smoking at the time. The left hand, in which he held his pipe, was carried away, and two balls passed through his neck, severing the windpipe, and producing copious internal bleeding. He lived eight hours, and died with sublime courage and resignation. A deep gloom has been cast upon the community.

He was a formidable enemy of Radicalism, and suspicions exist that his assassination was procured through political causes. All quiet here to-day.

Yesterday morning, Deputy Sheriff Maxey was killed, and two of his posse wounded, in attempting to arrest the notorious murderer Lee Morsen, colored. Morsen was afterwards captured and hung, the whites and blacks present sanctioning it. Gen. Hindman had no connection whatever with the affair.

M. T. SANDERS, Editor Clarion.

Between twelve and one o'clock yesterday a dispatch was received at police headquarters, announcing the murder. It also contained the description of a man named Robertson, who, it was said, left for St. Louis, on the steamer H. M. Shreve, an hour and a half after the tragedy.

The Shreve passed up at noon. Upon reaching the levee with detective McCune, Col. Beaumont found the tug Nettie Jones, Captain Epse, whose services were at once secured. She steamed away after the Shreve, overhauling her above the island, and by signaling bringing her to a halt. Once aboard, a search was instituted for Robertson, who was readily identified by the description. With him were his family and household furniture, all en route, as he said, to Springfield, Missouri, where he resided.

He received his arrest with the utmost composure, and not only stoutly denied any knowlege of the horrid crime with which he stood charged, but feigned ignorance of it having been committed, although the fact was well known to everybody else aboard, and had naturally been the subject of much comment. From his own statements to the officers, he has been about Helena for the past six months, although old residents of the place with whom we conversed last night, know nothing of him. He is pale, has black hair, is about thirty-two years old, and five feet five inches high. When arrested he had a rusty repeater, three of whose chambers contained balls. The tug returned with the prisoner, and his wife and child, about four o'clock. They were placed in the Luminary and sent back to Helena.

THE EXCITEMENT IN NEW ORLEANS—*State of Public Feeling.*—The popular excitement yesterday was fearfully manifest. But we must look further back for the secret of its terrible import. What happened yesterday, or the day before yesterday, or the day before that, did not produce, and could not have produced, the public feeling which has come to the surface within the last few days. It is no passionate impulse. It is the result of an accumulation of wrongs hitherto patiently suffered, and of anxieties and perplexities which at length seem even to hope to be infinite, and beyond solution by patience and time. The calm intensity of this feeling is its most significant characteristic. It is red heat, not spluttering and transient flame.

The fact is, the forbearance of our people has had too much put upon it. They are driven to the wall. Oppression seems bent on closing every egress from their present horrible condition. Deprived of representation, exposed to a villainous system of spoliation, subjected in life and property to the mercy of a heartless set of miscreants, they are now threatened with an indefinite prolongation of this state of things by the illegal and proscriptive manner in which it is proposed to conduct the registration. This—we say it in all candor and calmness—is pushing them too far; it is demanding impossibilities of human patience.—*New Orleans Cresent, Sept. 25.*

The only Radical in Fulton county, Ky., has recently absconded with $20,000 of other people's money.—*Exchange.*

If all the Radicals with other people's money were to abscond, but few would be left!

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, October 3.—General Sibley's report of the Camilla affair is withheld from the reporters. It is stated that the first report telegraphed from Bainbridge is in many respects supported. The report reached Headquarters of the Freedmen's Bureau on Tuesday.

Latest advices from Madrid states that Serrano will not go to Madrid because the National Guard, which holds Madrid, refuse admission to the regular troops which Serrano Commands.

FLORENCE, Oct. 3.—Signor Scovasso has been appointed Italian Minister to Mexico, by Victor Emanuel's permission. Scovasso will, also, act for France at the Mexican capitol.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 3.—Col. John W. Forney presided at a convention of the "Boys in Blue." Twelve to fifteen thousand persons were in the procession, which included local clubs.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, Oct. 3.—Money active at 7. Sterling active at 8¾. Gold 140⅛. '62s 13; North Carolinas 66¼; new, 65¼; Virginias, 53¼; Tennessee ex-coupons 70¼; new 69¼. Flour 10 15. Wheat favors buyers. Corn 1c. lower. Mess pork quiet at 28 50. Lard dull; steam 19¼a19¾. Cotton a shade firmer but quiet at 27. Turpentine 43¾. Rosin steady.

LONDON, October 3.—Noon.—Bonds 73¼; Consols 94¼.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 3.—Noon.—Cotton buoyant; uplands 10¾a10¾, Orleans 10¾a11; uplands, afloat, 10; sales estimate at 18,000 bales.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 3.—Evening—Cotton buoyant; uplands 10¾; Orleans 11; sales 20,000. Red wheat 10s. 6d. Lard 71s. 6d. Tallow 47s. 9. Turpentine 25s. 6d.

HAVRE, Oct. 3—Cotton firmer and higher; tres ordinaires 1 37.

THE CAMPAIGN IN OHIO—*Speech of Hon. Henry Stansbery—Why a life-long Whig supports the Democratic Ticket.*—About two thousand of the Democracy of Fairfield county and vicinity assembled in front of the City Hall in Lancaster on the 26th, ult. The meeting was called to order at two o'clock by M. A. Daugherty, who introduced Hon. Henry Stanbery to the audience in a neat speech. Mr Stanbery was greeted with loud cheering. He said:

Fellow-Citizens—or rather let me call you my old neighbors: It was not my expectation to take an active part in this campaign, and I expected to give a silent vote, not that I was not ready to speak, but although the spirit was willing, the flesh was weak. I do not think any county in the State but this could call me from the rest I so much needed. Almost half a century ago I commenced the struggle of life in this old county and town. In those days, in life's morning march, I began my career as a lawyer in this place, and I owe more of my success to this place than any other part of the country. I do not think there is one of this large crowd who is my enemy, but think all are my friends. My old political associates of other years have said to me, how is it that you for years have stood against the Democratic party, and are now with them? I answer because I am a lover of the Constitution; and I opposed the Democratic party because I thought them wrong, and I now oppose the Republican party because I know they are wrong. The issues of those days have all passed away and sleep with the great leading party men of those days. Our passed leaders are gone—Jackson, Benton, Webster, and last, not least, Clay. It was not hard for me to find where I belonged, as a conservative man and lover of the Constitution. Show me a party who will desert the Constitution, and I will flee from it as a pestilence; and show me a party who uphold the Constitution, and there you will find me. You must excuse me for not speaking longer, as I already feel the effect of this open air; but to-night I shall give you the whys and wherefores of my now standing where I never stood before—on a Democratic platform.

At the conclusions of these remarks, Gen. Tom Ewing appeared and delivered a speech of about two hours' length.

THE CANVASS IN OHIO.—Our news from this State, says the Savannah News, is of the most cheering character:

The Democracy expect to carry sixteen out of nineteen Congressional Districts. In the Third Vallandigham is certain to defeat braggart Bob Schenck, hero of Vienna; in the Tenth Judge Hoag is making a gallant canvass against the notorious Ashley, and will be sure to beat him; while in the Sixteenth woman murder Bingham will be elected to stay at home by a handsome majority.

The Democracy of the Buckeye State are thoroughly aroused. Such enthusiasm and vigor was never known in the canvass there before. A few days since at a meeting in Newark, in that State, Senator Doolittle spoke for two hours to a vast throng, who stood during the whole time in a drenching rain, and even then closed his address amidst repeated calls to "go on."

At a recent Democratic pole raising in Evansville, Indiana, all three of the speakers, a few months ago were acting with the Radical party.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

Markets by Mail.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 30.

FLOUR.—There is no quotable change in the market, and the day being the last of the month, buyers were holding off. We note sales of 100 bbls various brands at quotations. We quote fine at 6 00a6 50; superfine 6 50a7 00; extra 7 50a7 75; extra family 8 75a9 25; No. 1, 10 00a10 50; fancy 11 00a11 75; rye flour 8 25a8 50.

GRAIN.—There has been more doing in this market for several days and the movement in corn and wheat has assumed considerable importance.

WHEAT—Is arriving in wagons more freely which is taken by millers at prices ranging from 1 80 to 2 10, the outside figure being for strictly choice white. Dealers are generally pretty well stocked, and are not disposed to meet the views of farmers, the future of the market being too uncertain. We quote sales to-day of 400 bushels red at 2 00 and 1,000 bushels red at 2 0.

CORN.—Is in demand for distilling purposes, and prices are very firm at 1 00 for shelled in bulk from store. Ear corn is firm at 98a1 00 from store. Buyers are paying from wagon 85a90. We note sales to-day of 700 bushels at 1 00 for shelled and in bulk from store.

PROVISIONS.—The tone of the dispatches today was calculated to give steadiness to the market here, and prices were fully maintained. The estimates of stocks in the country and the increasing consumptive demand give assurances of a firm market during the month of October.

PORK—Is steady, with sales at 28 75a29 00.

BACON—Is in fair consumptive demand, and the market is a shade firmer, though prices are about the same as yesterday. We note sale of 48 casks at 12¼a13 for shoulders, 15¾a16 for clear ribbed sides, and 16¼a16¾ for clear sides.

LARD—Continues firm and in good request, with sales to-day of 40 tierces at 19¾a20; kegs are steady at 20¾a21.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, Sept 30.

FLOUR—Dull but unchangeable.

GRAIN—Wheat dull but unchanged. Corn dull and prices declined to 1 05 closing unsettled. Oats dull and prices drooping; No. 1, 61a62. Barley dull and market irregular, buyers holding off; No. 1 fall not offering, none here; Canada spring held at 2 20.

WHISKY—Declined to 1 30.

PROVISIONS—Mess pork held at 29 25, but there is no demand. Bulk meats in good demand; sales 200,000 pounds at 13c. for shoulders, and 16c. for clear sides, packed. Bacon quiet and unchanged; shoulders 12¾; clear sides 16a16¾. Lard neglected; retail sales at 19¾. Sugar cured hams very dull at 19.

OIL—Linseed dull at 1 04a1 05; hardly any demand.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 30.

FLOUR—More inquiry for low grades for Southern and Eastern markets; superfine 5 50a6 25; extra 6 25a7 25; XX 7 00a9 25; XXX to fancy 9 00a12 00.

GRAIN—Wheat flat at 1 70a2 25 for prime to choice red and white fall; spring sold at 1 40a1 45. Corn in good demand at 94a96¼, and fancy white at 98a1 00. Oats firmer at 51¾a55. Barley unchanged; 1 80a1 95 for prime to choice extra; 2 00a2 15, extra choice to fancy. Rye firm at 1 18a1 20.

PROVISIONS—Pork steady, with sales at 29 50a29 60. Bulk meats, clear sides can be bought at 15c. Bacon dull; shoulders 12¾a12¾; clear sides 16¾ for fresh; smoked hams 17¾a19. Lard dull at 19a20 in tierces and kegs.

WHISKY—Firm at 1 30.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.

The market for cotton goods continues rather depressed as some styles of goods shrink in value from day to day. The Atlantic V shirtings, which last week found buyers at 14½c., are to-day offered at 12½c. Heavy sheetings steady at 14a15c for Southern and best Eastern, which is as low a price as they have reached at any time within a year. Printed cloths depressed, 7a7¼ for goods, and extra prints 12½a13c. American, Richmond, Pacific and Sprague delaines steady and in fair request at 19 for Sprague, and 20 for all other leading makes. Woolens generally are in improved request, but at slight concession on fancy ......

The Daily Constitution.

DAILY CIRCULATION OVER 3,000!

THE CONSTITUTION
HAS THE
LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION
Of any paper published at this point, and several hundred
MORE THAN ANY TWO.

MORNING EDITION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, OCTOBER 3.

National Democratic Nominations.

FOR PRESIDENT,
HORATIO SEYMOUR, of N. Y.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT,
FRANCIS P. BLAIR, of Missouri.

STATE ELECTORAL TICKET.
FOR THE STATE AT LARGE:
GEN. JOHN B. GORDON, of Fulton.
HON. JOHN T. CLARKE, of Randolph.
ALTERNATES:
GEN. W. T. WOFFORD, of Bartow.
T. M. NORWOOD, of Chatham.
FOR THE DISTRICTS:
HON. JOHN C. NICHOLLS, of Pierce.
2. COL. CHARLES T. GOODE, of Sumter.
3. R. J. MOSES, of Muscogee.
4. A. O. BACON, of Bibb.
5. MAJ. J. B. CUMMING, of Richmond.
6. H. P. BELL, of Forsyth.
7. COL. JAMES D. WADDELL, of Cobb.
ALTERNATES:
1. J. H. HUNTER, of Brooks.
2. WILLIAM G. FLEMING, of Decatur.
3. W. O. TUGGLE, of Troup.
4. DR. HENRY WIMBERLY, of Twiggs.
5. GEN. D. M. DUBOSE, of Wilkes.
6. GARRETT McMILLAN, of Habersham. J. J. TURNBULL.
7. COL. V. A. GASKILL, of Fulton.

For Congress, Seventh District,
GEN. P. M. B. YOUNG,
OF BARTOW COUNTY.

Democratic Nominations
FOR CONGRESS.
1. A. H. HANSELL, of Thomas.
2. NELSON TIFT, of Dougherty.
3. HUGH BUCHANAN, of Coweta.
4. THOS. G. LAWSON, of Putnam.
5. WEIR BOYD, of Lumpkin.
7. P. M. B. YOUNG, of Bartow.

"THE VOICE OF THE ARMY."—We trust the readers of THE CONSTITUTION will give the four letters of Generals Buell, Rosecrans, Franklin and Smith, which we print to-day, an attentive perusal. They speak the patriotic sentiments of four as gallant Federal Generals as served in the late war.

When Gen. Buell, who imperilled his life for the preservation of the Union pronounces the party in power "arrogant, despotic, revolutionary, reckless of Constitutional restrictions, of the respective prerogatives of the different branches of the Government, of the rights of the States and the liberties of the people," the honest and manly utterances should awaken alarm in all parts of the country. With General Rosecrans "above all other expenses, expenditures, taxation, bonds, 'greenbacks,' or anything else, stands that of *restoring the people of the Southern States to hopeful, cheerful self-government.*" Such is the view of a true statesman. It were folly to expect prosperity or political stability so long as we are denied the right of "hopeful, cheerful self government. We do not doubt the statement of General Franklin that "a majority of the Union soldiers and sailors now living belong to the Democratic party." That party now is the only defender of the principles they fought to maintain. General Smith joins welcome hand with the hosts who are now battling "to beat down ignorance in high places and crush tyranny."

PLUCK.—We admire Fitzpatrick's pluck. The following card shows exactly where he stands, and that "clicks" cannot control him. Fitz is right, no "regular nominee" ought to yield the field to disorganizers, or disappointed aspirants:

House of Representatives
Atlanta Oct 3d 1868

Some of the republican organs of this state, Are pleased to inform the community at large, That the regular nominee of the fourth congressional district, Has come down, For the sake of harmoney, And to make room for another, I avail myself of this opportunity to say that I have not come down Neither do I intend to come down, This is to notifi the citzens of the 4th congressional district that I am the regular nominee, And I intend to fight it out on that line if it takes all winter——

I will not be controled by clicks

Respectfully
your obd servt
James Fitzpatrick

THE REVOLUTIONISTS IN SPAIN.—The insurrection against the Government of Spain is a success. The revolutionists made short work of the decaying dynasty. The fate of royalty in that country, for the time, if not forever, is sealed. The Bourboy throne melted like snow in the fervor of red-hot Republicanism, and the Queen is left to meditate upon the vanity of a misspent life, in exile. What next? In surrendering her Government, Spain absolves herself from the sympathies of Europe, and by her act, teaches the world a lesson of royal instability, for which they will not forgive her. Without the power of self-regeneration—with no inherent virtue by which to rise above the degradation into which she has sunk—with an ignorant, monarchical ridden population—with little or no appreciation now of the historic and classic age of Cervantes, instead of maintaining the right of self-government, and aspiring to the dignity of a Commonwealth, she is more apt to take up the unenviable track of her Mexican daughter.

WHY IS IT.?—Why is it that every defaulter to the Government, every embezzler of public funds, every thief grown fat upon the "pap" of Uncle Sam, every swindler of the people by villanous contract, and every leach upon the labor of honest men is for the election of Grant?

Will the honest editor of the *New Era* answer why?

MOIRA COTTON.—We saw some bolls of this cotton from the plantation of Dr. Durham, a few days ago, which were equal in size and quality to the Sea Island cotton. These bolls may be seen at the store of Pittard, Hampton & Co. Dr. Durham expects to get a bale of this cotton to the acre, on manured land, and it will sell for nearly double the average price of middling cotton of ordinary staple. The seed came from Col. Echols, of Lexington.—*Athens (Ga.) Banner.*

Sunday the Monitor.

Sunday should be a monitor of the week, reviewing each day in judgment of its deeds. If you have wronged any one during the week ask forgiveness. If you have stolen anything, repent in sack-cloth and ashes. If you have swindled any one out of his just rights, however much you may strive to smother the act under a loose code of honesty, the Searcher of all hearts will penetrate the flimsy film and detect the fraud. If you have been guilty of falsehood, to-day it will return to blister your tongue. If you are a breaker of the laws of man, for which you have gone unpunished, think not in like manner to evade the decrees of God. If you have cheated anybody out of his own, the ill-gotten gain will turn to ashes on your lips. If you are stuck up with pride, think what puff of vanity you are, and get down in the dust of humility. If you are mean, cleanse your soul of its pollution as with hyssop. If you have been treacherous to friends, honor, truth, atone for it by resolutions not to be set aside. This is God's day. As you pray beseeching his blessings upon you, beware lest His All-Seeing Eye be not set upon some petty meanness you have been guilty of during the week. If you are puffed up with conceit until you are more like a peacock than a man, think for a moment how little superior you are in wisdom to the unpretending ant. If you are stiff-necked, ice-jointed, purse-proud, flaunting your insolence in the face of God, shame yourself for the littleness of your pretence. What are you, that you should boast of fame, wealth, the plaudits or the riches of the world? As the grass of the field, breath of the wind, are you in nothingness. Have you during the week deified mammon more than God? One day in the seven you should devote in obeisance to Him. Have you observed the golden rule? Have you been sinned against, be tolerant; injured, resent it not; ill-treated, forgive as you would be forgiven. Lay bare your immorality. Sear all your wickedness and depravity with the moxa of self-accusation Cease your practical infidelity! It will not deceive man, much less God. A reproach to yourself, it is a disgrace to the cause you profess.

You may think to deceive others by belieing yourself, but your outward actions will mirror the inner man in spite of you. As the stars are the beauty of an else darkened firmament, so will your virtues shine in the features of a blamless life.

Though the ordeal be a trying one, yet it is better to pass it in the flesh, than to smother conscience here, and be awakened to untold wretchedness hereafter. In their two-fold being, it were better to obscure the earth-life in the valley, than that the spirit-one should be shut out for ever from heaven.

PRESTON, GA., Sept. 29, 1868.

To the Editor of the Constitution: "All quiet along the Potomac to-night, "is the word from this section, so far as concerns insurrectionary excitement. It is not our intention to give the *Era Bah—d*, and his co-laborers in political iniquity, a second opportunity of sending forth another "Camilla emeute." The reason of our exceeding judiciousness upon this point is not attributable to the potency of his argument or the pungency of his truth, (God save the mark!) but purely from an exalted sense of commisseration. The poor wretch has so long labored in the sink holes of Radicalism, that his purity and honesty, politically speaking, are as disagreeable as the unsavory scent of dead flies in the apothecaries' shop.

But I have said we are quiet here. In one sense we are, for there are no breaches of the peace, or violations of law, but, while this is true, there is an irresistable revolution in progress here that will result in the triumphant success of Seymour and Blair and Tift at the approaching election. Let Northern and Middle Georgia know that the "Black Belt" will speak in thunder tones for Democracy in November next, despite the damnable tricks and subterfuges of the country's enemy—Radicalism. The negroes are having their eyes forced open by the hollow promises of Radical emisaries, to the great issues of the contest and the secret of the future, and the white people, with rare exceptions, are all true. Will you believe me when I tell you that in this, 12th Senatorial District, embracing Webster, Stewart and Quitman counties, there are not *five* white men who will vote the Radical ticket? This is a fact. What District in the State can say more? Speak!

But let me leave politics, and, for a moment, turn to the wrongs of the people—the tax-paying people. For almost three long months the Legislature has been in session, and what has been done for the people? Echo, in wonderful strains, answers, what?

It is true the Radical programme of preventing negroes from being Legislators has been carried out, and a few other things have been done; but while this rite of service has been performed, the "faithful" have been well paid for it. Let figures speak a little. Each member receives nine dollars per diem, and, I am informed, that some of the members, at least, obtain board at twenty dollars per month; allow ten dollars then for whisky, cigars, etc., and each of these members net two hundred and four dollars per month, giving thirty days for each month, besides his mileage. Is not this outrageous when the impoverished condition of the State and people are taken into consideration? Most assuredly it is, and the members of that honorable body will be held to an awful account, by their constituents, for the profligacy.

The feeling in this section is very strong against that honorable body for their extravagance, and my advice to them is, *make a record*—demand the yeas and nays, and let the people know who it is taking their bread and sweat. If you think, it right that you should get nine dollars per day let the people know by going on record.

I have written this, dear CONSTITUTION, at the request of several citizens, and, individually, I must say I am rejoiced to see the Legislature has decided to adjourn on the 6th proximo. I hope they may!

PHIL. BOWERS.

A Card.

Col. C. W. Styles—SIR: As I regard you an honorable, chivalrous gentleman, I am glad to see that you did yourself, as well as Dr. Powell justice, in correcting, in your morning's issue, the impression you unintentionally made, that Dr. Powell "certainly misled us as to the character of the correspondence." It is true you may have only known Dr. Powell by sight, and perhaps have only spoken to him upon the streets; but those who know him could not be induced to believe that he would willfully mislead or misrepresent any one to subserve his purposes. His position, as a moral christian gentleman, among the people of Georgia, will forever preclude such an idea. It is true, sir, that he has defended, plainly and manfully, the issues involved in the College controversy. This was a duty he owed the country and the profession, in doing which, he has done no more than other members of the profession. These were principles that demanded that he should pursue this course, occupying the position he has always done in society and the profession. When this bill was before the Judiciary Committee he addressed them some hour and a half in explaining the difficulties of the College, the character of the amendment and its results upon the institution; and in conclusion he challenged two of the Professors who were present, and their legal advisers to counteract one of the statements made, but not a word was offered to invalidate the truths presented by him to the Judiciary Committee, whereupon they recommended the passage of the bill.

Dr. Powell, also, placed upon the table of each Representative a pamphlet containing all the facts in relation to the whole subject, in order that no man might be misled, and that all might have an opportunity to investigate the correctness of his statement.

Is there anything unfair or dishonorable in this? What has been the course of the opposition? Have they at any time furnished the members with their positions in the same dignified, truthful way, in order that the Trustees, who are endeavoring to sustain the reputation of the institution, and the rights of the people of Georgia in it, should meet them in their defense. No. They have been wire-working, elbowing, shot ribbed the members in which they have misrepresented their own position, the Trustees, the people of Atlanta, the profession of Georgia, and the last dying struggle attempted to reconsider that they might offer a new substitute, and then it was the "cricket that was under the wood" jumped out.

Now, if any one will assume the position or responsibility of denying any one of these statements, I am prepared, over my own signature, to defend and prove any point at issue.

Now, in conclusion, I would ask the physicians in the Legislature if the memorial signed by the Faculty, and the private means used, and the speeches made by their champions, Messrs. Scott and Harper, is not sufficient to convince every unbiased mind that the Faculty are wrong and the Trustees right, and that the bill without the slightest alteration should be passed, that the difficulty may at once be settled.

A MEMBER.

Convention of the Seventh Congressional District.

KINGSTON, GA., Oct. 2d, 1868.

The delegate assembled at the M. E. Church and were called to order at half past ten o'clock, by the President, Col. T. C. Howard.

The roll of the counties was called and the following names announced as delegates:

Four counties—Dade, Murray, Polk and Haralson, unrepresented.

DeKalb county—T. C. Howard, R. A. Alston and R. U. Mitchell.

Fulton—T. W. J. Hill, R. J. Cowart, C. W. Styles, John Milledge, Jr., and Daniel Pittman.

Paulding—H. M. Whitworth.

Walker—M. E. Rhodes.

Whitfield—B. B. Brown and J. H. Hamilton.

Gordon—W. J. Cantrell, R. M. Young.

Floyd—J. I. Wright, A. J. Stewart, Dunlap Scott, Z. D. Harrison and M. Dwinell.

Cobb—Wm. Phillips, Geo. H. Lester and H. Myers.

Cherokee—J. R. McKinnie and I. G. Lewis.

Catoosa—I. M. Combs.

Chattooga—C. C. Cleghorn and J. Johnson.

Bartow—J. W. Wofford, J. C. Branson, W. W. Rich, J. C. Roper, W. H. Pritchett, S. W. Lewis, H. F. Price and N. Gilnath.

C. W. Styles offered the following resolutions:

Resolved, 1. That we now proceed to nominate a candidate to represent the 7th Congressional District, in the 41st Congress.

2. That a two-thirds of the votes of those present shall be necessary to a choice.

Col. Lester offered the following as a substitute for the resolutions of Col. Styles, and supported them in an able and eloquent speech:

Whereas, by the action of the General Assembly the election for members of the 41st Congress does not take place until February next,

And whereas, Great political events are to occur between now and that time, the consequences of which it is impossible to foresee, and under these circumstances we do not feel that we can with any certainty represent what may be the feeling of our constituencies four months hence.

Therefore resolved, That this Convention do now adjourn *sine die.*

The substitute was laid on the table and the original resolution was adopted.

The President announced that the Convention was ready to ballot for a nomination.

Capt. Milledge, of Fulton, said: Mr. President, I have the honor and pleasure to announce the name of my distinguished and gallant young friend, Gen. P. M. B. Young, a man who has never faltered in his duty, betrayed a trust, or shrunk from any responsibility during his eventful and brilliant career.

Col. Styles said that he would, as Gen. Young's friend, pledge him to abide by the action of the Convention.

No other name having been proposed, Gen. Young was unanimously nominated by acclamation.

C. W. Styles, George N. Lester and John Milledge were appointed a committee to inform Gen. Young of his nomination.

Mr. Scott moved that the present Executive District Committee be continued in office until the meeting of the next Convention.

Col. Styles moved to amend Mr. Scott's motion by the addition of five additional names to be added by the Chair. The amendment was accepted and motion carried.

Motion to publish proceedings of Convention in the Democratic papers of the District was carried.

Thanks were returned to the officers of the Convention, and for the Church in which they met.

Convention adjourned *sine die,*

T. C. HOWARD, President.
W. H. PRITCHETT, Sec'y.
JOHN MILLEDGE, Assistant Sec'y.

By virtue of the authority in me vested, by the action of the Congressional District Convention, in the above proceedings, I do hereby name and appoint the following gentlemen as regular members of the Executive Committee for the 7th Congressional District, to-wit:

R. A. Alston, Dekalb; Cary W. Styles, Fulton; M. Dwinell, Floyd; Watt Harris, Bartow; J. W. Avery, Dalton.

The Committee is respectfully requested to meet as early as practicable and organize.

T. C. HOWARD,
President Convention.

THE VOICE OF THE ARMY.

Letter from Major-Generals Don Carlos Buell, Wm. S. Rosecrans, William B. Franklin and W. ("Baldy") Smith to the Great Democratic Meeting at Indianapolis—The Soldiers of the Union Move Unitedly on the Radical Rebels.

The following letters from distinguished Generals in the Union army were read to the Democratic Mass Convention recently held at Indianapolis:

FROM GENERAL BUELL.

AIRDRIE, Ky., September 15.

General John Love, Chairman Executive Committee of Indianapolis.

MY DEAR SIR: My engagements will not permit me to accept your invitation to attend the Democratic Mass Convention to be held at Indianapolis on the 23d instant; but I am interested in its object and shall rejoice in its success.

Eight years ago the Republican and Democratic parties contended for the administration of the Government in the election of a President. The first, organized solely upon sectional issues, appealed for support to passion and sectional prejudice. Its leaders taught that a dissolution of the Union was preferable to conditions which the Constitution had established, and pledged themselves to hold no intercourse in society, business, or politics, with the principle class of citizens in the opposite section—an attitude which could mean nothing but disunion or sectional war. In its public demonstrations it initiated a military organization, and with threatening motives, beating drums, and warlike tread, it filled the air with the premonitory mutterings of a battle field. Opposed to this revolutionary spirit stood the great Democratic party, which for an almost entire period of sixty years had administered the Government with a wisdom and fidelity which were attested by the general welfare. Unfortunately the sectional passions which had been aroused disturbed its councils and divided its strength; and its opponent, representing a minority of the people, triumphed at the polls. War came. The North and the South were arrayed in deadly conflict against each other; but it was not among the mass of the Democratic party that the idea of dissolution was entertained for while more than one faltered of those in the opposite party who had helped to stir up the strife, thousands of Democrats instantly rushed to arms to preserve the Union and maintain the laws.

It would be useless to revive these memories at this time, for the purpose of meting out in just proportions the responsibility of the conflict which ended nearly four years ago; but in tracing the causes and devising a remedy for the evils which now oppress the nation they are full of fitness. To-day these parties again stand opposed to each other in a Presidential canvass. The characteristics which distinguished them eight years ago are even more marked now. The one, arrogant, despotic, revolutionary; reckless of constitutional restrictions, of the respective perogatives of the different branches of the Government, of the rights of the States and the liberties of the people; still by profigacy and wrong augmenting a public debt already enormous, and increasing the burdens upon industry and trade by unnecessary and unequal taxation—the other, faithful as always to the theory of our Government, and the true interests of the people, stands forth to remove oppression and restore the Constitution to its just authority. If that is anything in our past history worth cherishing; if it is true that the liberties of a people are safer under inviolate constitutional rules than under the arbitrary dictation of any governmeht, still more under an unlimited power arrogated by one branch of it, then the people of this country cannot too soon decree a change in the present management of its affairs. A return to the support of Democratic principles, by those whom it influences, which it is unnesessary here to describe, have reduced into an unnatural political association with the Radical party, will effect this great object in November; and I trust that the strength and enthusiasm of your Convention will add another to the many encouraging indications that such will be the result. With great respect,

Your obedient servant,
D. C. BUELL.

FROM GEN. ROSECRANS.

ST. MARTIN'S Brown co., O.,
September 21, 1868.

Gen. John Leve, Indianapolis, Indiana:

GENERAL: Indispensable duties prevent me from attending the gathering of officers and soldiers at Indianapolis, to which your letter invited me on the 23d inst.

But beyond the great gratification I should experience in meeting so many of my old companions-in-arms, and mingling our memories of the past with resolutions of future efforts and sacrifices for the honor of the land and flag we love, my presence there would accomplish more than a simple statement of my views on the chief issues which now agitate the country.

I believe our free institutions and highest material interests are in grave peril. I shall, therefore, perform a solemn and responsible duty to my fellow soldiers and countrymen, who love this nation more than party, by stating what I think the most vital issues before the public in the approaching Presidential election.

Above all other expenses—expenditures, taxation, bonds, "greenbacks," or anything else—stands that of *restoring the people of the Southern States to hopeful, cheerful self-government.*

Restore them this, and as certainly as day follows the sun our political stability will be assured; our financial prosperity speedily follow; the value of property in the South will increase; our public securities will go to a premium; our greenbacks will become par; coin and currency accounts, with all their evils and complications, will disappear from the books of our business men.

Believing with all my soul that the preservation of our Government from despotic changes, and all those inestimable blessings depend upon this restoration of the Southern people to wholesome, cheerful self-government, I am equally certain that it can be done, and dare pledge my honor and life for them that they will give and observe all proper guarantees to renounce secession, slavery, and their dependent issues; to protect, educate, and elevate the freedmen to the exercise of all the franchise they enjoy in Ohio, Indiana or Illinois; and faithfully to perform all the duties incumbent on them as good citizens under the Constitution and laws of the United States.

And what more could be asked of them, or what greater results could patriotism desire for the country than depend upon this issue?

Not even the prosecution of the war challenged a more thorough renunciation of party preferences and person dislikes on the altar of our country than does the attainment of this great good.

The desolate and ruined South, the oppressed tax-payers of the West and North, generosity, mercy, love of country, apprehensions of evils to come, every motive that ought to move the hearts of true and noble men, appeal to us to say by our votes we will stop that hopeless folly of attempting to govern the Southern States by what we call "loyal blacks," and give the people, under just guaranties, the right peaceaceably and legally to proceed to reorganize their own government within the Union.

With such convictions, I hold the man who would not express and act upon them a traitor to himself and his country, and despise the partisan who would find fault with any reasonable steps he might take to bring about so great a good to the nation.

Recommending my convictions, and the reasons for them, to the judgment of my fellow soldiers and countrymen, I remain, very truly,

W. S. ROSECRANS.

FROM GEN. WILLIAM B. FRANKLIN.

HARTFORD, Conn., Sept. 17, 1868.

MY DEAR GENERAL: I have received your note of the 7th instant, inviting me to join the Union White Boys in Blue of Indiana in the grand mass convention to be held in Indianapolis on the 23d instant. I regret that other engagements will prevent my acceptance of the invitation. I regret it more especially because your organization is one of the few which prove that the soldiers and sailors of the war were Democrats as well as as Radicals. Had such organizations been formed and encourage in all of the States, I do not doubt that it would appear that a majority of the Udion soldiers and sailors now living belong to the Democratic party, or do not belong to the Radical party.

I congratulate you upon the cheering prospects in your gallant State, and am truly your friend.

W. B. FRANKLIN.

General John Love, Indianapolis, Ind.

FROM GENERAL WM. F. (BALDY) SMITH.

NEW YORK CITY, Sept. 8.

General John Love:

DEAR SIR: I am to-day in receipt of your letter of the 4th instant, asking me to join you in a grand mass convention to be held in Indianapolis on the 23d instant. I thank you and the rest of the "White Boys in Blue," for counting me as one of you, and possibly the Nineteenth Indiana may be represented by some men who may remember me kindly. I regret very much that my private business and other engagements will keep me from being with you in what I hope will be a demonstration so overwhelming as to beat down ignorance in high places and crush tyranny.

All the "White Boys in Blue" look to Indiana to place herself right on the record at the November election.

Yours truly, WM. F. SMITH.

☞ The following noble poem from our old friend J. R. Barrick, now one of the literary stars of the South, will be read with pleasure and delight by his hosts of admirers.—*Louisville Journal.*

Dethroned.

BY J. R. BARRICK.

In a palace of gold and crystal, as a monarch on his throne,
He reigned, as only the gifted reigned, in a glory of his own;
And the brilliant light of the chandelier on picture, painting, and wall,
Reflected the light of the life within in the shadowless glow of the hall;
And there were pearls on the marble floors, and diamonds and rubies bright,
That as the sun on a summer morn dazzled and dimmed the sight;
And there were flowers of tropical hue strewn round in gay festoon,
With roses that only blow when warmed by the balmy breath of June;
And on his brow with its classic mold, beset with many a gem,
Than the proudest Monarch of earth, he wore a kinglier diadem;
For the gems that on his forehead shone, than the orient ones refined,
Were thoughts in a jewelled casket set, from the regal realm of mind,
And the garlands hung on his Parian walls in their variegated hues,
From the fount of his heart were watered and fed as flowers by April dews,
And the realm wherein as a prince he reigned by each royal sense refined,
Was the realm where reign but the chosen ones—the regal realm of mind,
The beauty of youth shone in his face and the heaven of hope in his eye,
As his life in a circle of light was set as the sun in a cloudless sky,
As a fount unmixed with a bitter drop in the vale of a fairy isle,
His heart that no evil tongue had lured with the Serpent of its guile;
And day by day with a sinless hand he plucked from its parent stem,
Some blossom that grew in his Eden path, to deck his diadem,
As the angels from heaven on mission came to guard him from all harm,
And becken each ominious ill away with the spell of a mesmer charm.
As he dreaming sat on his starry throne with a scepter in his hand,
Whose wave to the world so oft had borne the magic of a wand,
I saw it drop as a sudden thrill through each nerve like a dagger ran,
As by some gift of the evil one the demon possessed the man.
Then, one by one at the Upas touch of that mysterious power,
As if from its stem affrighted, fell, at a glance, each tender flower:
And the astral lamp from the lambent walls in a moment withdrew its gleam,
As the gems that shone in his diadem dissolved as in a dream.
An opiate sleep from a lurid night stole over his heart and brain,
As soul and sense from the Lethean tide struggled to rise, in vain,
As the shadow of his glory fled, and the memory of his early prime,
He muttered thoughts of the beautiful in the rythmic flow of rhyme;
And the darkness of a sorrowful night was abroad in earth and air,
As the wail of fallen ones was heard in the anguish of despair:
And ever the lure of lucent eyes with a ghastly gleam and glow,
On his are set as a signet seal—as a glaring light of woe,
And a hollow voice as 'twere the tone of the dead, with life again,
He hears in a shriek as conscience wakes to a memory-sting of pain.
Where wonders the soul, that tempted, fell from the seat of his high estate?
Some dem in levis it now astray by the charm of a deadly hate:
Lo! yonder in that Stygian realm, where the demons rave and howl,
I see it shrink with a shuddering shriek from Pluto's ghastly scowl;
I hear it moan as the devilish imps, of how it hapless fell,
The tidings bear with a fiendish joy to the demons down in Hell.
Once, in the realm of the beautiful—an Edenenchanted land,
With the angels that ever came from heaven he wandered hand in hand,
When the visions of beautitude that over his spirit stole,
Were as bright as the sinless dreams that slept in the chambers of his soul,
Alas! that ever a magical tone from the ruining voice of sin,
Should stealthily come as a vesper sound to the innocent life within,
That ever thought, from its starry home, should descend to grovel in dust,
The genius, to angels in heaven akin, forget its sacred trust.
Alas! that ever the God-like gift of the heaven appointed mind,
Should soil its wings at the votive shrine where passion leads us blind.
Alas! that ever the knell was heard when the ocean is madly tost,
That doleful word with its sorrowful wail, "forever and ever lost."
Alas, alas! when manhood once shall its strength and pride forget,
The star of hope in the sky of youth in a night forever set,
Or the thoughts that as the eagle dared to daily with the sun,
Back from their planet circled track to the grovelling earth be won:
Or the high born gift of the human soul to baser passion given,
With a Midas touch should shape a Hell of what should be a Heaven.

INSURANCE AGENCY.

THE undersigned is prepared to take risks on Dwellings, Store Houses, Stock in Trade, &c., &c., upon

Fair and Equitable Rates,

And will place them in only first class Insurance Companies—list of which can be seen at my office. Mr. J. W. PEARCE will attend to all out door Examination of Risks.

J. W. SHACKLEFORD.
Office next door East, Atlanta National Bank.
ATLANTA, Sept. 27, 1868. 1md

A Splendid Lot

OF Side-Striped Cassimeres, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Kerseys, Flannels, Blankets, &c., for sale cheap, at
sept27 2w CHAMBERLIN & BOYNTON'S.

Carpets of all Grades,

MATS, Rugs, Window Shades, Oil Cloth, &c., for sale cheap, at
sept27 2w CHAMBERLIN & BOYNTON'S.

1868. DRY GOODS. 1868.

Fall and Winter Dry Goods.

JOHN M. GANNON,

(Corner WHITEHALL and HUNTER Streets,)

IS just in receipt of the following splendid line of Goods, which he has carefully selected, and will dispose of at prices that cannot fail to give satisfaction:

DRESS GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

A great variety of Cloaks and Shawls; a splendid line of Blankets and Flannels; a full stock of Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Embroideries, Breakfast Shawls, Nubias, Scarfs, Ladies' Under Vests, Gloves, Hoops and Balmoral Skirts, Irish Linens, Birds' Eye Diapers, Table Linen, Scotch Diaper, Crash, Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, English Tweeds, Satinets, Kentucky and North Carolina Jeans, Prints, Sheetings, Shirtings, Demins, Stripes, Tickings, Osnaburgs, Linseys, Drills, Checks and everything kept in a first class Dry Goods store.

ONE PRICE ONLY.

It affords me pleasure to be able to state that this system has been a complete success and given general satisfaction to my customers. For the benefit of those who have not been in the habit of doing business with me, I state that there is only one price for every article sold in my store, so that there is no danger of any person being overcharged for goods under any circumstances—in other words—a child can purchase goods in my store as cheap as the closest judge. I wish it distinctly understood that if any goods purchased in my establishment fail to come up to representation, they can be returned and the money will be refunded.

All consumers of dry goods are invited to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

oct4-d3m JOHN M. GANNON.

THEATRE!

Lesse and Manager .... J. V. GILBERT
Stage Manager .... J. P. SUTTON
Treasurer .... J. M. GILBERT

MONDAY, October 5, 1868.

STRANGER.

DANCE .... LITTLE KATIE

QUIET FAMILY.

SCALE OF PRICES:

Orchestra Chairs	$1 00
Dress Circle and Parquet	75
Family Circle	50
Colored Gallery	25
Private Boxes	$5 00 and 6 00

oct3

FOR RENT,

FOUR ROOMS, within ten minutes walk of the Post office. One of the most desirable locations in town. For further particulars apply to EDWARD PARSONS.
oct4-d3t Lynch's Corner, Alabama street.

Wanted in Southwest Georgia.

A STEADY, reliable white man and good workman, to take charge of a plantation Wood and Smith's shops. He must be a good Wheelwright and Smith. Character indisputable. Apply, stating terms, to C. W. Styles, Esq., at this office. oct4-d1w.

I. MILLER. W. H. BAILEY.

MILLER & BAILEY,

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ECONOMICAL JOB PRINTING OFFICE,

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PREPARED to print in the best style and at very low prices, for cash,

PAMPHLETS,
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Letter-Heads, Bill-Heads, Envelopes, Business Wedding and Visiting Cards, and Shipping Tags.

☞ In fact everything usually done in a First Class Job Office. ☜

Give us a call before having your work done elsewhere. sep30d1m

THOS HARDEMAN, JR. O. G SPARKS.

HARDEMAN & SPARKS,

Commission Merchants,
Macon, Ga.

TO THE PLANTERS
IN MIDDLE AND SOUTHERN GEORGIA.

FOR TWENTY YEARS we have served you, we believe faithfully. Our success depends upon your prosperity, hence we have zealously sought to promote your interest and advanced it by every means in our power. As Commission Merchants, we again tender you our services at our old stand, which has withstood the flames of a burning square (thereby proving its security), and where we hope to merit the very liberal patronage always given us.

The sale of Cotton is our speciality. We flatter ourselves none can excel us. To old friends we return thanks; to new ones, we say try us, we will try to please you.

Usual accommodations given to enable you to make a crop. sep23-d3m

TO THE SHIPPERS AND PRODUCER

Of Georgia, Alabama and Florida.

THE undersigned COTTON FACTORS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS of

SAVANNAH, GEORGIA,

Take pleasure in notifying the public that arrangements have been effected for storing and shipping by steam or sail direct to European and American ports, the cotton crop of those sections, the natural outlet of which is through our port; and hope, in affording every facility to receive a heavy increase over the large consignments of last season. We confidently express the belief that our city will be one of the best cotton markets this season in the United States.

Ferrell & Weslow, Bay street.
Davant & Waples, Bay street.
Adams, Washburn & Co., Stoddard's Lower Range.
Sloan, Groover & Co., Bay street.
John W. Anderson's Sons & Co., Drayton street.
Guerrard & Holcombe, Bay street.
P. H. Behn, Bay street.
L. J. Guilmartin & Co., Bay street.
E. W. Drummond & Bro., Bay street.
W. B. Griffin & Co., 98 Bay street.
H. H. Colquitt, 98 Bay street.
J. W. McDonald, Bay street.
Tison & Gordon, Bay street.
Austin & Ellis, Bay street.
Wm. A. McKenzie, Bay street.
Harney & Co., No. 12, Stoddard's Upper Range.
Barnett & Co., No. 2, Stoddard's Lower Range.
T. F. Smith, Express Building, Bay street.
W. H. Stark & Co., Cotton Factors and Wholesale Grocers, Agents for Gullett's Steel Brush Cotton Gins, and Coe's Super-Phosphate of Lime. sep15-1m

D. A. VASON. JOHN A. DAVIS.

VASON & DAVIS,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Albany, Georgia,

Will practice in all the Courts of Southwestern Circuits and Pataula Circuit, and by special contract, in any county in the State.

Also, in the Supreme Court of Georgia and the United States Courts.

Judge D. A. Vason having retired from the Bench, the old firm of Vason & Davis is resumed and will be ready, as heretofore, to serve their friends professionally.
sep24-d1m

W. C. COURTNEY. R. MURDOCH. J. S. MURDOCH.

W. C. Courtney & Co.,

FACTORS
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
NO. 9 BOYCE'S WHARF,
CHARLESTON, S. C.
sep15-tf

R. P. SPENCER, Formerl of Columbus, Ga. J. BERRIEN OLIVER. Late of Tallahassee, Fla.

SPENCER & OLIVER,

COTTON FACTORS,
Commission Merchants, and General PURCHASING and FORWARDING AGENTS,
No. 182 Bay street, Hodgson's Block,
[P. O. Box 182.] Savannah, Ga.

Consignments of Cotton, Tobacco, Rice, Wool, Hides, etc., solicited, upon which liberal advances will be made when required. sep29—d1aw1m

R. M. ROSE & CO.,

WHOLESALE
LIQUOR DEALERS.
Granite Block, Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.
oct6-d1y

Grass and Clover Seeds,

IN GREAT VARIETY. Also Reynolds' Chesapeake Guano. For sale by
oct2d10t A. K. SEAGO.

Shawls,

OF every description, for sale cheap, at
sept27 2w CHAMBERLIN & BOYNTON'S.

ATTENTION, BUILDERS!

500,000 No. 1 BRICK for sale at a reasonable price. RUSH ER WIN.
Inquire at Redwine & Fox's. sept1 3d2w

Dress Goods,

OF every kind, in immense quantity, for sale cheap, at
sept27 2w CHAMBERLIN & BOYNTON'S.

UNIVERSAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

NEW YORK.

Office No. 69, Liberty Street.

The Original Joint Stock Life Insurance Company of the United States.

The Business of this Company is exclusively confined to the Insurance of First-Class Healthy Lives.

Statement, July 13, 1868,

ASSETS:

United States Stocks (market value)	[illegible]
Bonds and Mortgages (City of New York)	[illegible]
Brooklyn City Bonds (market value)	[illegible]
Virginia State Bonds (market value)	[illegible]
Cash Deposited in New York Guaranty and Indemnity Co. (at interest)	[illegible]
Cash on hand and in Bank	[illegible]
Balance due by Agents (secured)	[illegible]
Office Furniture	[illegible]
Deferred semi-annual quarterly prms	[illegible]
Premiums in course of collection	[illegible]
Interest accrued, not due	[illegible]
Other assets	[illegible]
TOTAL	[illegible]

LIABILITIES:

Amount required to reinsure outstanding risks—Homan's Table—5 per cent.	$443,200	
Unpaid losses, not due	15,000	[illegible]
Surplus over and above All Liabilities.		$210,421 97

Ratio of Assets to Liabilities 181 1-3 to 100.

Number of Policies in force	[illegible]
Insuring	[illegible]
Policies issued since January 1st, 1868	[illegible]
Insuring	[illegible]

THE UNIVERSAL

Offers the following original and popular plans of Insurance:

1st. THE RETURN PREMIUM PLAN: Upon which policies are issued at rates less than those charged by Mutual Companies *guaranteeing* the return of all premiums paid in addition to the amount insured.

2nd. THE REDUCTION OF PREMIUM PLAN: By which policies are issued at rates less than those charged by Mutual Companies, *guaranteeing a reduction of fifty per cent.* of the premium after the third annual payment.

OFFICERS:

WILLIAM WALKER .... President.
HENRY J. FURBER .... Vice President.
JOHN H. BEWLEY .... Secretary.
CHARLES E. PEASE .... Assistant Secretary.
D. PARKS FACKLER .... Consulting Actuary.
EDWARD W. LAMBERT, M. D. ... Medical Examiner.
ALEXANDER & GREEN .... Solicitors.

☞ Agents wanted throughout the South.

Address
J. W. SHACKLEFORD,
Manager Southern Department,
oct3 Atlanta, Georgia.

SECURITY LIFE INSURANCE AND

Annuity Company,

Of New York,

Chartered by the Legislature of New York, 1862.

ROBT. L. CASE, President.
THEO. R. WETMORE, Vice President,
ISAAC H. ALLEN, Secretary.

UNDER the judicious management of its able officers and directors, its growth in the public confidence is shown by its steady growth in business, to which we would call your attention, the increase being nearly as rapid as that of any other company in the United States, as follows:

Year	No of New Policies issued each year	Gross Rec's	Am't Ins'd by new poli's	Total Gross Ass'ts	Increase over previous year in Gross Assets
1862	211	23,423	489,000	122,857	[illegible]
1863	868	80,538	1,939,550	160,092	[illegible]
1864	1,478	149,411	2,819,743	249,831	[illegible]
1865	2,184	393,827	4,841,280	425,127	[illegible]
1866	3,395	603,651	7,536,509	753,866	[illegible]
1867	4,094	880,000	9,040,805	1,366,290	[illegible]

While not wishing to disparage any reliable Life Insurance Company, but rather bidding them all God speed in their noble work, the General Agent, in introducing this Company to the attention of the people of Georgia, feels warranted in saying that it stands *second to none* in its advantages and adaptedness to the present financial condition of the South.

Energetic and reliable agents wanted in every part of the State, to whom liberal inducements will be offered.

Address or call on W. S. TOWNSEND, General Agent, Atlanta, Ga. Office Whitehall street, over Force's Shoe Store.
oct1dtf

Flour, Bacon, Corn, &c.

20 CASKS C BACON SIDES,
2,000 bushels White Corn,
300 sacks Extra Family Flour,
500 sacks Virginia Salt,
50 bales Cotton Yarn,

For sale by
STEADMAN & SIMMONS,
oct3d1w Alabama street.

Copartnership.

THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership, under the firm name of

ADAIR & BRO.,

For the purpose of conducting a General Grocery, Produce and Commission Business, at the old stand of Clayton & Adair, Whitehall street, and will close the business of the old firm. All who are indebted to them will please come forward and settle.

A. D. ADAIR,
G. B. ADAIR.
Atlanta, October 3, 1868.

HATS! HATS! HATS!

AT
J. M. HOLBROOK'S,
Whitehall Street.

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of Hats, Caps, Furs, etc., of the latest styles, just received. Members of the Legislature and all others are respectfully invited to call and supply themselves with the fall fashions, and to carry to their wives and daughters sets of furs and other appliances to keep the cold away.

DR. B. D. REEVES

Offers his professional services to the citizens of Atlanta and vicinity.

Office up stairs, over Uncle Billy Hill's Auction room.

1868.

... Streets,) ... fully selected, and ... ON, ... a full stock of ... Under Vests, Gloves, ... Diaper, Crash, ... Jeans, Prints, ... and everything ...

... and gives general ... habit of doing business, so that there is no ... other words—a child ... understood that it ... can be returned ...

... purchasing elsewhere. ... GANNON.

... SAL ... RANCE ... ANY, ... RK. ... erty Street.

... Stock Life Insurance ... Company of the ... States. ... is exclusively confined to First Class Healthy Lives.

... y 13, 1868, ... value) $109,250 00 / of New York, 97,000 00 / value) 25,187 00 / ... Guaranty ... terest) 45,000 00 / ... red) 25,478 20 / ... prems. 7,235 81 / ... ction 56,554 64 / ... 4,40 07 / ... 3,319 21 / ... $468,629 87 / ... $343,200 / ... 15,000 $358,000 00 / ... $210,421 97 / ... ies 181 1-2 to 100. / ... y 1st, 1868 ...

... ERSAL ... and popular plan of ... PLAN: Upon which ... less than those charged ... the return of all ... amount insured. ... PREMIUM PLAN: By ... less than those ... guaranteeing a return ... premium after the ...

... RS: ... President. ... Vice President. ... Secretary. ... Assistant Secretary. ... Consulting Actuary. ... Medical Examiner. ... Solicitors. ... ghout the South.

... CKLEFORD, ... thern Department, ... Atlanta, Georgia.

... INSURANCE ... Company, ... York, ... of New York, 1863. ... Vice President, ... H. Allen, Secretary. ... management of its able ... growth in the public ... steady growth in business ... your attention, the ... as that of any other ... as follows: ... Total Gross Ass'ts ... Increase over previous year in Gross Assets ...

... disparage any reliable ... rather bidding them ... work, the General ... company to the ... gia, feels warranted ... to none in its ... the present financial ... nts wanted in every ... liberal inducements ... S. TOWNSEND, ... Agent, Atlanta, Ga. ... Force's Shoe Store.

..., Corn, &c. ... Corn, ... Family Flour, ... Salt. ... Yarn, ... AN & SIMMONS, ... Alabama street.

... rship. ... this day formed a co-partnership ... name of ... BRO., ... a General Grocery ... Business, at the ... Whitehall street, ... the old firm. All ... please come forward. ... A. D. ADAIR, ... G. B. ADAIR. ... oct3d1w

... S! HATS! ... ROOK'S, ... Street. ... ENT of Hats, Caps, ... styles just received, ... and all others are ... and supply themselves ... carry to their wives ... and other appliances ... oct30d1w

... ES ... vices to the citizens of ... Billy Hill's Auction ... oct1d1m

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The Daily Constitution.

DAILY CIRCULATION OVER 3,000!

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, OCTOBER 3.

THE CITY.

OUR AGENTS.

... Stewart, News Dealer, is our authorised agent at Rome, Ga.
J. E. Evans, Albany News, is our agent at ... Ga.
... Marietta, Ga.
... E. Burke, Preston, Ga.
... M'Duffee, Hawkinsville, Ga.
... Tillman, Hogansville, Ga.
... Woods, Barnesville, Ga.
... Broadnax, Newnan, Ga.
... Ragland, Talbotton.
... Harrison, Dahlonega, Ga.
... New York and Philadelphia, authorised to receive and receipt for subscriptions and advertisements for The Constitution at our regular rates.

Traveling Agents for the Constitution.

The following gentlemen are authorised to solicit business and receive money for The Constitution: Mr. David A. Walker, Mr. John T. ..., of Atlanta. Mr. O. L. Lindsey, Albany, ... Mr. Robert Crawford, of Atlanta, Ga. ... George Battey, of Atlanta. A. J. Scott, ... Evans, Atlantic and Gulf Railroad.

Mr. Edward Parsons offers 4 rooms to rent in a desirable part of the city. Call and see him.

Paschall House Drawing, Oct. 8th.—Prizes valued at $500,000. Certificates at Phillips & Crew's.

See notice of D. M. Williams, in reference to fine horses for sale, at the stables of Archer & Son.

Paschall House Drawing, Oct. 8th.—Prizes valued at 500,000. Certificates at Phillips & Crews.

The Firemens' Parade which was to have taken place yesterday, has been postponed in consequence of the inclemency of the weather, until to-morrow.

Paschall House Drawing, Oct 8th.—Prizes valued at $500,000. Certificates at Phillips & Crew's.

Mr. D. M. Williams arrived yesterday with an excellent car load of combined harness and saddle mares and horses, from Kentucky, for this market. Persons wishing such stock would do well to call and examine them. They will be found at the new stables of Messrs Archie & Son.

Gov. Smith, of Alabama, arrived in the city yesterday, from Washington. It is said that he has an order upon Meade, signed by the President, to furnish troops sufficient to preserve the peace (!) in Alabama, and that the General has promised his hearty co-operation in the premises. By all means "let us have peace!"

Paschall House Drawing, Oct. 8th.—Prizes valued at $500,000. Certificates at Phillips & Crew's.

We invite special attention to the unlimited supply of Fall and Winter Dry Goods, just received by John M. Gannon, corner Whitehall and Hunter streets. Mr. G. has just returned from New York, where he had an opportunity of making his purchases in person, and to the greatest possible advantage. He is now prepared to furnish in any quantity, dry goods of the latest styles and best quality, at prices low for cash. Mr Gannon is one of the most enterprising and successful merchants in Atlanta, and enjoys a reputation for liberality and integrity, than which there is none higher in Georgia. For particulars as to the styles, variety of goods upon his counters, we refer the community and the ladies especially, to his notice, under the head of new advertisements.

Clerks in Clover.—The Legislature yesterday being in an extremely liberal mood, Mr. Bruton, of the 8th District, offered the following resolution as an additional section to the Appropriation Bill then under consideration.

That $5 extra compensation be allowed a certain clerk of the House who had employed Capt. B. H. Miller, at $5 a day to do his work, while he, the aforesaid, remains at home and draws the modest little sum of $9 per diem from the Treasury.

That every member and every clerk attached to the two Houses of the General Assembly is hereby dead-headed for twelve months over the State Road.

Too Much of a Good Thing.—The clouds which had been gathering for several days commenced at 9 o'clock Friday night to deliver their pluvial burthen, and the rain has been pouring down heavily, without intermission, ever since. Last night there was almost a gale. The streets are deluged and circumnavigation is a labor. Force's and Banks' thick boots for gentlemen, are in demand, while the ladies, bless them! are snugly ensconced at home, warming their dear little feet before the parlor grate, in which brightly glows the burning coal, fresh from the yard of our excellent friend Parsons.

Mortuary Report.—In the subjoined mortuary report for the city of Atlanta, will be found not only the list of mortality for the quarter just closed, of the current year, but also a record of the number of deaths that occurred in the corresponding periods of the years 1866 and 1867.

DEATHS.

1866—3d Quarter—102 Whites ....98 Colored.
1867—3d Quarter— 81 Whites ....60 Colored.
1868—3d Quarter— 54 Whites ....81 Colored.

The number of interments in the years 1866, 1867 and to the 4th quarter of 1868, is as follows:

DEATHS.

	White.	Colored.	Total
1866	311	379	699
1867	213	252	465
1868	121	200	221

Although the population of the city is growing larger, yet the mortuary list presents a gradual and gratifying diminution in the number of deaths.

J N Simmons,
Chairman Board of Health.

Radical Canard Contradicted.—The Washington Chronicle of the 30th publishes a long statement of an interview between President Johnson and the Alabama delegation, in which the President promised to send troops to that State to preserve order. It is only necessary to state that said canard appeared first in John W. Forney's paper, and was copied yesterday morning by the New Era, of this city, to attest its unreliability.

Referring to this matter the National Intelligencer of the first instant says:

"We are authorized to state that the reported conversation between the President and Governor Smith, of Alabama, published in the Chronicle of yesterday, is not authentic."

Important Meeting of the Third Ward Democratic Club.—All the members of the Third Ward Democratic Club, and all the Democrats of the Ward, are expected to attend the meeting of the Club, at the Fair Ground on Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Something interesting is expected to transpire. Speakers have been engaged for the occasion. Business of importance will be transacted.

Robert Crawford, President.

Post Office, Atlanta, Ga., October 3d.—The following letters are held for postage at this office, and will be sent to the Dead Letter Office, if not prepaid before the 5th of October:

Daniel A. Williams, Crawfordsville, Ga.
Post Master, Buckhead, Ga.
Howell F. Baldwin, Madison, Ga.
Mrs. Susan Lloyd, Atlanta, Ga.
Mrs. Margaret Wimberly, Newton, Ga.
John Hughs, New York.
Messrs. G. & W. R. Wells, Stone Mountain, Ga.
J. P. Freeman, Chinque-Pin Grove, Ga.
... Veal & Co., Stone Mountain, Ga.

Jo. Daniel, Mailing Clerk.

New Goods, New Goods.—A new arrival of elegant Irish and French Poplins, Otto... cloths, Cloaks, Shawls, &c., now opening at W. F. Peck & Co., No. 9 Railroad Block, Opposite National Hotel.

The ladies would do well to call at W. F. Peck & Co's, No. 9 Railroad Block, and see a new stock of elegant and cheap Dry Goods just opening. 3t

W. F. Peck & Co., No. 9 Railroad Block, are offering bargains in Dress Goods, Linens, Table Damask Towels, white goods, pant goods, ... Blankets, &c. 3t

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES

FROM WASHINGTON.

An Imbroglio in the Alabama Legislature.

Lake Ponchartrain Overflowing the City of New Orleans.

Gen. McClellan's Reception in New York.

Disraeli on the Establishment of the Irish Church.

Washington, Oct. 3.—Gen. Howard reports the total expenditure of the Freedmen's Bureau to August 1st, 1868, seven millions nine hundred and thirty-five thousand dollars.

The opening of Gen. Hancock's wound will delay ordnance frauds in the court, leaving General Thomas on duty as commander of the Department of Tennessee.

Grant's return is deferred to last of October.

Secretary Browning has returned.

The contract for printing postage stamps for four years has been awarded to the National Bank Note Company, New York.

Gov. Parsons, of Alabama, visited the President to-day.

Montgomery, Oct. 3.—On Friday the House turned out a Democrat and admitted a Republican to his seat. The Republican was a candidate in Jones county, and claims a seat from that county. The Democrat was from Fayette county. The Legislature abolished Jones county, and then the Republican claimed his seat from Fayette county. The majority of the committee reported that the Democrat was elected by over 700 majority, and that his contestant was not a candidate.

New Orleans, October 3.—The storm prevented outdoor trade. The storm of wind and rain commenced Thursday night and raged ever since with but short intervals and shows no signs of cessation. The continuous East wind has backed the water of Lake Ponchartrain through the canals and swamps until the whole rear of the city is inundated. There are broken sheets of water from Claiborne street to the Lake. The water is pouring over the banks of the canals and is still rising. The Potchartrain Railroad and several of the Street Railroads were obliged to stop running, the tracks being overflowed. The rains have been heavy, and general throughout the State the past week.

New York, October 3.—Ten to twelve thousand people gathered to welcome McClellan last night. His appearance caused great cheering. He confined himself to thanking them for their welcome.

The meeting of the Irishmen in the Fifth District, nominated George Francis Train in opposition to Morrissey.

New Orleans, October 3.—North-east winds are very high here this evening, and increasing. Three steamers, plying between here and Galveston, are overdue here. Very serious apprehension is entertained, also, for the New York steamers, which are due. The telegraph operator at Fort Pike is supposed drowned. The water in the rear of the city is still rising, and the people are deserting their houses in that part of the city, and coming towards the river.

Edward Ware, general ticket agent of the New Orleans, Jackson & Great Northern railroad, attempted to commit suicide this morning, by shooting himself seriously in the head. A man named McGowan committed suicide in a cemetery yesterday.

The Democratic State Convention adjourned last evening, having filled the electoral ticket with eligible men. They nominated Congressmen for four districts. No nomination yet for the fifth district.

BY THE CABLE.

London, October 3.—It was announced to-day that the Great Powers will allow their diplomatic relations with Spain to remain in *statu quo*. Disraeli issued an address to his constituents, and alluding to the disestablishing of the Irish church says it meant severing Church and State. It also involved the stiring up of additional rancor and bitterness in Ireland. It would unsettle property, make confiscation contageous, and worse than all, give England to Popery, and practically to the rule of a foreign power.

It is reported that the commercial and military treaty between Holland and France has been ratified. Belgium is expected to join in the treaty.

Telegraphic Markets.

New Orleans, Oct. 3.—Cotton advanced; middlings 25¼; sales 1,200; receipts 1,440; exports, foreign, 2,440. Sterling 49¾a51. Gold 139.—Sugar—numbers 12 and 13, 12a12½. Molasses dull. Flour dull; superfine 6 50a6 75. Corn firmer at 95¼a1 12. Oats scarce and higher at 63a65. Bran scarce at 1 20. Hay 23 00a24 50. Pork quiet and firm at 30 50. Bacon dull; shoulders 12¾; clear sides 16¾. Lard, tierce 19¼; kegs 21¼.

Augusta, Oct. 3.—Market active; sales 323 bales; receipts 259 bales; middlings at 24¾.

Charleston, Oct 3.—Cotton opened steady because excited sellers were asking prices too high for buyers; sales 170 bales; middlings 22¾.

Wilmington, Oct. 3.—Turpentine firm at 39. Rosin quiet strained 1 70a4 25. Tar steady at 2 60. Cotton firm; middlings 23¼a24¼.

Savannah, Oct. 3.—Cotton opened quiet but closed firm; sales 300 bales; middlings 25a24¼; receipts 1,360 bales; exports 2,964 bales.

Mobile, Ala., Oct. 3.—Cotton market firm—middlings 24¼c.—sales 1,000 bales; receipts 1,173; no exports.

Baltimore Oct. 3.—Cotton very firm at 27c; flour extremely dull—low grades ¼c. lower and others nominally unchanged; wheat dull, prime red 2 25a2 50, other grains firm; provisions unchanged; Virginias, old inscribed 46; '66s 48¾.

New York, October 3.—Money market broke down, closing at call at 3a5. Gold strong at 1 40¾. Governments firm and higher. Cotton firm at 27; sales 2 500 bales. Flour steady. Wheat firmer. Corn—mixed Western 1 13a1 14. Mess pork 28 65. Lard quiet and steady. Naval stores and groceries quiet. Freights unchanged. The Bank statement shows a decrease in loans $1,719,000; Specie $846,000; Deposits $7,140,000; Legal Tender $3,347,000; increase $204,000.

"Hulbert the Trader."

To the Editor of the Constitution: I notice in your issue of 31 inst. an article headed "Hulbert as a trader." I have been engaged on a Railroad for over three month, and can well understand the effect of Hulbert's trading. A ten year old boy ought to, and the tax payers of Georgia will, when they come to pay the increased taxes to make up the deficiency caused by the "economy" of the "wisely selected" Superintendent of the State Road. Now, Mr. Hulbert says he sells the Rolling Mill scrap iron at the rate of $25 per ton, and buys re-rolled iron at the rate of $35 per ton, a difference of $10 per ton. Now supposing he got the same number of tons of re-rolled iron that he gave of scraps, he would pay the Rolling Mill $900 per mile. Major Wallace sold the same Rolling Mill scrap iron at an average of $32 50 per ton, and paid another Rolling Mill $40 per ton, making a difference between scrap and re-rolled iron only $7 50 per ton, or $6 75 per mile; and had the iron rolled of the same pattern as that already laid, which the Atlanta Rolling Mill could not do. In other words to have all the iron on the Road the pattern, so that the same switch clamp, the same frog, and the same chairs could be used, and when a rail become worn another of the same pattern could be put in its place as all was from the same rolls, and at $2 50 per ton or $2 25 per mile less than the "wisely selected," who reports that he has saved $4 50 per mile. Where did it come from? Will Mr. Hulbert write another letter to "show the country that my selection of a Superintendent was wisely made?"

Married,

Fitzpatrick—Waugh—In Dalton, October 1st, by the Rev. J. A. R. Hanks, at the M E Church, Capt. John S. Fitzpatrick, formerly of Greenville, Tenn., to Miss Mattie Waugh, of Dalton.

Nashville Banner please copy.

GEORGIA LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Saturday, October 3, 1868.

Senate met pursuant to adjournment and took up House bills on third reading, to-wit:

A bill to relieve Jane E. Simms. Passed.

A bill to change the line between Clinch and Coffee. Passed.

A bill to exempt maimed men from paying poll tax. Lost.

A bill to consolidate the offices of Receiver of Tax Returns and Tax Collector for the County of Chatham. Passed.

A bill to amend section 3174 of the Code. Lost.

A bill to prohibit the sale of spirituous liquors in this State.

The Judiciary Committee, to whom the bill had been referred, offered a substitute for the same which after being amended with the provision that no one shall sell or give away liquors during the sessions of the Georgia Legislature, was passed in lieu of the original.

A bill to change the line between Henry and Clayton. Passed.

A bill to relieve Wm. S. Mangham from double tax. Passed.

A bill to prohibit the sale of lottery tickets in the State of Georgia. Passed. Yeas 15, nays 11.

Mr. Merrell, Chairman of Judiciary Committee, stated that he had made an effort to get the Committee together in order to report on the Atlanta Medical College bill and had failed, and desired that the bill be returned to the Senate. Objection being made to the return of the same the bill continues in the possession of the Committee for their action.

A bill to revise the incorporation of Cedar Town. Passed.

A bill to authorize the Universal Life Insurance Company, of New York, to make investments, etc. Passed.

A bill to change the law of evidence. Lost.

A bill to amend an act amending the charter of the town of Sandersville. Passed.

A bill to change the line between Quitman and Stewart. Passed.

A bill to amend the several acts incorporating the town of Cartersville. Laid on the table for the present.

Under a suspension of the rules a resolution was introduced and adopted fixing the time of final adjournment at 12 o'clock, M., Thursday, the 8th instant.

The Senate then went into the second reading of House bills, after which it adjourned to meet at 9 o'clock Monday morning.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Saturday, Oct. 3.

A bill to incorporate the Spalding County Mutual Life Insurance Company. Passed.

A bill to alter and amend the town of Weston. Passed.

A bill for the relief of Wm. Attaway, of Hart county. Indefinitely postponed.

A bill to incorporate the Merchants' Savings Bank, of Augusta, Ga. Passed.

A bill for the relief of Davis P. Vicory, of Coweta county. Passed.

A bill to provide for the payment of teachers of common schools for the year 1868. Indefinitely postponed.

A bill for the relief of Harney L. Carroll and Rebecca Mathews, of the County of Union. Passed.

A bill for the relief of Lambert C. Cook, of Union county. Laid on the table.

A bill for the relief of Thomas M. Mass, of Thomas county. Passed.

A bill to provide for suits in Justices' Courts; the manner and time of summons in same, etc. Passed.

A bill to repeal the last clause in 584 section of Irwin's Code. Passed.

A bill to provide for drawing juries in such counties as failed to draw a jury at the last term City Courts. Passed.

A bill for the relief of Amos Hicks, a minor of the county of Thomas. Passed.

A bill to incorporate the Vandyke Hydraulic Hose Company, in the County of Dawson. Indefinitely postponed.

A bill for the relief of Thomas Adams, of the County of Thomas. Indefinitely postponed.

A bill to change the line between the counties of Union and Towns. Passed.

A bill to change the line between the counties of Coffee and Clinch. Passed.

A bill for the relief of G S. Roberts and Rebecca Mathews, of the county of Union. Indefinitely postponed.

A bill to prevent the felling of trees and to prevent the throwing of vegetable matter into water courses. Indefinitely postponed.

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Thomasville, Thomas county. Passed.

A bill to change the line between the counties of Green and Talliaferro. Amended in the Senate. Passed.

House adjourned till 10 o'clock Monday morning.

Public Speaking.

The undersigned candidates for Congress in the Sixth Congressional District, will address the people on the issues now before the country at the following times and places unless providentially hindered:

Lawrenceville, Gwinnett co., Tuesday, Oct. 6th.
Monroe, Walton county, Thursday, Oct. 8th.
Athens, Clarke county, Friday, Oct. 9th.
Jefferson, Jackson county, Saturday, Oct. 10th.
Danielsville, Madison county, Monday, Oct. 12th.
Hartwell, Hart county, Tuesday, Oct. 13th.
Carnesville, Franklin co., Wednesday, Oct. 14th.
Homer, Banks county, Thursday, Oct. 15th.
Clarkesville, Habersham co., Friday, Oct. 16th.
Cleveland, White county, Saturday, Oct. 17th.
Elijay, Gilmer county, October 20th.
Morganton, Fannin county, October 21st.
Blairsville, Union county, October 27th.
Hiwassee, Towns county, October 29th.
Clayton, Rabun county, October 30th.
Dahlonega, Lumpkin county, November 2d.

Weir Boyd,
Democratic Candidate.
John A. Wimpy,
Republican Candidate.

Died,

Robinson—On Friday morning, October 2d, at half past two o'clock, of intermittent fever, accompanied with homorrhage at the nostrils, Mary E., wife of Isaac Robinson, in the 29th year of her age, only daughter of Rev. F. W. Chapman, of Prospect, Connecticut.

Local and Business Notices.

The Paschall House Drawing.—The eighth day of October, specified for the distribution of the *five hundred* magnificent prizes of this scheme is nearly here, and those desirous of purchasing Certificates should do so at once, as the time is short. The Committee of Superintendence is composed of gentlemen holding the highest positions in their respective communities—Memphis, Louisville, Cincinnati, St. Louis, &c. This Committee will control the drawing—neither manager, property-holders, nor agents having any thing to do with it. Under these circumstances, even the most suspicious must see that there can be no unfairness in giving every certificate a just showing for its chance. The Hon. James S. Thomas, Mayor of St. Louis, who has no connection with the Association, holds the unincumbered titles to each of the five hundred prizes, for the benefit of lucky holders of winning certificates. Mayor Thomas stands unimpeachable in the estimation of all the leading, honest and honorable citizens of St. Louis, on his probity of character. Where all is so fair, who should hesitate to invest the small sum of five dollars for a chance of becoming more than independent of want. The Paschall House is worth $280,000; Dan. Ables' Memphis residence $60,000, and eight other pieces of real estate, each one of which is worth not less than $10,000, besides four hundred and ninety other valuable prizes, worth from $50 to $1,500. These form the grand features of the drawing and either one well worth the risking of the small sum required. Certificates to be secured by personal application or by mail, of J. C. Jones, at Phillips & Crew's Book Store, Atlanta. oc3dtd

L. B. DAVIS,
Hartford Live Stock Insurance Co.
L. B. DAVIS,
Notary Public, Atlanta, Georgia,
L. B. DAVIS,
Insurance Agent, Atlanta, Georgia.
mar13—d1y

Special Notices.

GEORGIA STATE LOTTERY, for the benefit of the Masonic Orphans' Home. Combination Class No. 524.—The following were the drawn numbers October 3d, 1868:

62-20-68-11-44-13-60-27-61-14-19-7-40-43

oct4-d1t HOWARD & CO., Managers.

BOARD.—A LARGE AND ELEGANTLY Furnished Front Room, on the First Floor, with board in a private Family, and in the most desirable part of the city, can be had for a man and his wife or for two gentlemen. Apply soon at THIS OFFICE.
july 19 d

Attention, Democrats!
I HAVE opened a First Class BARBER SHOP, where I am prepared to Shave, Shampoo, Cut and Dress and Dye Hair or Whiskers in the latest and best styles.
BROOKS,
Railroad Barber Shop,
sept10d6f Railroad Block.

Seed Wheat! Seed Wheat!
OF THE BEST VARIETY, raised in Tennessee, just received. Let planters renew their seed, and thereby secure a larger harvest of superior wheat Apply to A. K. SEAGO.
oct3d10t

Commercial and Financial.

Atlanta Market Report.

Atlanta, Oct. 3, 1868.

We have no changes to note in our market for yesterday.

Bacon and Lard continue quiet, with light demand.

There was a better feeling in Cotton, and 23c was readily paid for better grades.

Prices of Dried Fruits have advanced a little, and good lots of rough sell readily at 10c; peeled at 20c.

WHOLESALE PRICES.

BACON—	
Clear Sides	$ @ 18
Clear Ribbed Sides	@ 17¾
Plain Hams	
Canvassed Hams	20 @ 23
Shoulders	15 @
LARD—	
In Barrels	@ 21
In Kegs and Cans	22 @
BEESWAX—	
Common	30 @ 35
Choice Yellow	35 @ 38
DRIED FRUIT—	
Rough	8 @ 10
Peeled	15 @ 20
BROOMS—	
Per dozen	3.50 @ 5.00
CORN MEAL—	
Country per bushel	1.00
FLOUR—	
Superfine, per sack of 100 lbs	5.00 @ 5.25
Extra do do	5.50 @ 5.75
Extra Family do do	6.00 @ 6.25
Fancy do do	6.50 @ 7.00
GRAIN—	
Corn, White, per bushel	@ 95
Mixed or Yellow	@ 95
Barley	2.20 @ 2.50
Rye	1.40 @ 1.50
Oats	60 @ 65
Wheat, White	2.00 @ 2.10
Red	1.80 @ 2.00
HAY—	
Clover per 100 lbs	@ 1.50
Timothy	1.40 @ 1.50
SALT—	
Virginia	@ 2.75
Liverpool	@ 3.00
IRON—	
City Mills Bar	5½
Pittsburg bar	6
Sheet Iron	10 @ 12
Nail Rod	10 @ 14
COTTON CARDS—	
Per dozen	7.50 @ 8.50
NAILS—	
4s to 60s	6.00 @ 6.25
3s common	@ 7.00
3s fine	@ 8.00
SACKS—	
2 Bushel Burlaps	16½ @ 17
2 Bushel wheat sacks	19 @ 25
COTTON GOODS—	
Threads	2.00 @ 2.10
Osnaburgs	18 @ 21
4-4 Sheetings	17
¾ Shirtings	14
⅞ Shirtings	12
Drills	17½
Stripes	20
LEATHER—	
White oak, sole, per lb	@ 40
Hemlock, sole, per lb	24 @ 30
French calf skins per dozen	40.00 @ 75.00
American calf skins per dozen	36.00 @ 40.00
Upper leather per dozen	40.00 @ 45.00
Harness leather per lb	40 @ 50
MOLASSES—	
Cuba per gallon	55 @ 60
New Orleans	85 @ 95
Syrup per gallon	90 @ 1.25
SUGAR—	
Crushed and Granulated per lb	19½ @ 20
Clarified per lb	16 @ 17½
New Orleans	14 @ 16
Demerara	16½ @ 17
CANDLES—	
Sperm	40 @ 45
Adamantine	20 @ 21
Tallow	@ 15
GUN POWDER—	
Sporting in kegs of 25 lbs	@ 8.50
Blasting in kegs of 25 lbs	6.25 @ 6.75
RICE—	
Rogoon	
Carolina	13½ @ 14
SOAP—	
Bar	8 @ 15
MACKEREL—	
No. 1 per barrel	@ 26.00
No. 2 per barrel	@ 20.00
No. 3 per barrel	@ 17.00
No. 1 in half barrels	@ 13.00
No. 2 in half barrels	@ 11.00
No. 3 in half barrels	@ 9.50
No. 1 in kitts	@ 4.00
No. 2 in kitts	@ 3.50
No. 3 in kitts	@ 3.25
STARCH—	
Per lb	10 @ 12
FERTILIZERS—	
Peruvian Guano	@ 90.00
Reid's Phosphate	@ 50.00
Patapsco Guano	@ 75.00
LIME—	
Georgia per 5 bushel barrel	@ 2.50
Alabama per 5 bushel barrel	@ 3.00
TOBACCO—	
Low Grades	50 @ 60
Medium	70 @ 75
Good medium	80 @ 85
Fine	90 @ 1.00
Choice	1.10 @ 1.55

The Great Southern

PASSENGER AND MAIL ROUTE

Via Atlanta & Augusta.

Connections by this Line are most Certain and Sure at all Seasons.

The Eating Houses on this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted.

Ample time given for Meals at regular Hours.

Conductors on this Line are Affable and Courteous to Passengers.

NO CHANGE OF CARS
Between West Point, Ga., and Wilmington, N. C.

Quick Time & Sure Connections
VIA GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Passengers can purchase
THROUGH TICKETS
and have their
Baggage Checked Through

From New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus and Atlanta, to Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York, by

Four Different Routes
Via Augusta, Ga.
Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars

On all Night Trains leaving Atlanta by this route. Those splendid Sleeping Cars run through from Atlanta, Ga., to Branchville, on S. C. Railroad, without change at Augusta.

The Great Southern
Passenger and Mail Route

Via Augusta, to Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

Passengers can have choice of Four different Routes via Augusta to Washington, Philadelphia and New York.

Fare the Same by Either Route,
Via Augusta, Kingville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line.

Fare as Low by Augusta
AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

Through Tickets sold at New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus and Atlanta to Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York by this route.

Through Tickets sold at Atlanta to Charleston, Columbia, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Philadelphia and New York.

Passengers taking this route can have their Baggage Checked through from Montgomery, Alabama, to Washington, Philadelphia and New York by four different routes via Augusta. Baggage checked through from Atlanta to Charleston, Columbia, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Philadelphia and New York.

The Train leaving Atlanta at 5:40 P. M. has attached to it Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars, and makes close connections at Augusta with Trains to the following places: Savannah, Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

Passengers from New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, and Columbus, Ga., make close connections at Atlanta with Trains for Augusta, Savannah, Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and New York.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea, will find a

Splendid Line of Steam Ships

from Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston, and New York.

THE CHARLESTON STEAM SHIPS

Offer inducements to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed, and Comfort

Are Unrivalled on the Coast!

Through Tickets on sale in Montgomery, West Point, and Atlanta to New York via Charleston Steam Ships.

J. A. ROBERT,
General Ticket Agent, Georgia Railroad.
Augusta, Ga., Sep. 28, 1868. sep29-dtf

Dissolution.

THE FIRM OF CLAYTON & ADAIR, as dealers in Groceries and Produce and Commission Merchants, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. A. D. Adair, having purchased the interest of Wm. W. Clayton, assumes the liabilities and will close the business of said firm.

W. W. CLAYTON,
A. D. ADAIR.

Atlanta, October 1, 1868.

The undersigned has much pleasure in bearing testimony to the energy and promptness of Capt. A. D. Adair, who will continue in business, and solicits for him a continuance of the confidence bestowed on the late firm.

October 1, 1868. WM. W. CLAYTON.
oct3d6t

IN STORE

AND FOR SALE

LOW FOR CASH:

10 CASKS CLEAR RIB SIDES,
40 Casks Clear Sides,
20 Casks Choice Canvassed Hams,
30 Choice Leaf Lard in Tierces and Cans,
100 Rolls Kentucky Bagging,
75 Bbls Choice Western Flour,
300 Sacks Superfine, Extra and Family Flour,
50 Dozen Brooms,
1 Bbl. Choice Strained Honey,
25 Boxes Cheese at very low figures.

Manures for Wheat.

Reid's Phosphate, $50 per Ton.
Patapsco Guano, $75 per Ton.
Pure Flour of Rawbone, $75 per Ton.

LANGSTON, CRANE & HAMMOCK,
Commission Merchants,
sept16 Atlanta, Ga.

LIME! LIME!

ORDERS for Lime, by the Car Load, filled without delay, and shipped fresh from the kiln.

LANGSTON, CRANE & HAMMOCK,
Commission Merchants,
sept16 Atlanta, Ga.

J. M. DYE & CO.,
WAREHOUSE
AND
Commission Merchants
AUGUSTA, GEORGIA,

CONTINUE the business, in all of its branches, at their OLD STAND, 143 REYNOLDS ST. Prompt personal attention given to the STORAGE and SALE of COTTON and other Produce, and to the purchase of BAGGING, ROPE and FAMILY SUPPLIES.

LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES made when required.

Commissions for selling Cotton, 1 1-4 per cent.

Consignments solicited. sept16d3m

Transportation Office,
Western & Atlantic Railroad,
ALANTA, GA., SEPTEMBER 10, 1868.

REDUCED RATES
—ON—
Salt, Land Plaster and Coal!

THE following Tariff will go into effect on and after the 12th Instant:

Dalton to Atlanta:
Coal, per Car Load, ...$10 00
Salt, " " 15 00
Land Plaster, per Car Load, 10 00

Chattanooga to Atlanta:
Coal, per Car Load, ...15 80

Other Roads pro rata on above figures.
sept11d1m E. B. WALKER, M. T.

REMOVAL.

TOBACCO! TOBACCO!

MEADOR & BROTHERS have, removed their TOBACCO STORE to the large and commodious store, recently occupied by W. F. Meador, two doors above Jack's, on Whitehall street.

They now offer the largest and most varied

STOCK OF TOBACCO

ever offered in any Southern market.

PRICES LOW FOR CASH.

Atlanta, Sept. 13, 1868. sep13-3m

SPLENDID INVESTMENT
100 PER CENT. IN FOUR MONTHS!!

THE undersigned, being desirous of raising funds for other purposes, offers for sale a

Flourishing Newspaper,

Now in successful operation in one of the best towns in Southwest Georgia. Original cost of material and office fixtures $1200. Now in its third volume. Paid first year published over $6,000. It is furnished with Job Type, Job Presses, &c.

I propose to sell the office, good will, and all appurtenances for the sum of $800 cash. Possession given 1st January, 1869.

Address ELAM CHRISTIAN,
aug25tf Griffin, Ga.

TIBBS HOUSE,
Dalton, Georgia.
J. D. CAMPBELL, Proprietor,
Formerly of Montgomery Hall, Montgomery Ala.
sep22-d1m

THE GEORGIA SALOON
—AND—
RESTAURANT
UNDER THE POST OFFICE,
Corner Broad and Alabama Streets,
OPEN AT ALL HOURS, AND ACCOMMODATION GUARANTEED UNDER ALL CIRCUMSTANCES.

THE very best Liquors, Wines, Ales, Cigars, etc., etc., will be kept at the BAR, and the EATING SALOON will, at all times, be furnished with the best this or any other market affords.

sep23-d3m E. C. REID, Proprietor.

Circular.

ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY,
Augusta, Ga., Sept. 22, 1868.

I. Donations marked and consigned to "Fair First Baptist Church, Atlanta, Ga.," to be held in that city on the 6th October, proximo, will be transported free over this road.

II. Visitors attending the Fair above referred to will be returned free over this Road, upon presentation to the Conductor of a proper Certificate issued by the Secretary of the same, W. L. Abbot Esq., that the holder was actually in attendance thereon, and had passed over the Georgia R. R., on his route thereto, such Certificates to be recognized until and inclusive of the 20th October, 1868.

S. K. JOHNSON,
sept 24-dtoct6 Assistant Superintendent.

LIVE AND HAVE COMFORT.

The Best Coal in this Market from Messrs. M. C. Wilcox & Co.'s Mines, Coal Creek, East Tenn.

I AM prepared to furnish this superior COAL to the citizens of Atlanta, or to any city on the railroads in this State, or Alabama, at greatly reduced prices:

Lump Coal, per car load,	26c. per bush, of 80lbs.		
Less quantity than	do	35c.	do
Fine coal per car load	20c.	do	do
Less quantity than	do	25c.	do
Coke per car load, 20 cents		do	40lbs
Coke, less than car load	25c.	do	do

Orders respectfully solicited, and contracts for shipment from the mines direct. This Coal is cheaper than wood in this market, and it will burn in the chimney without a grate. Coal Yard, Thompson's Hotel lot.

EDWARD PARSONS.
Atlanta, Ga., Sept. 12d3m

TO THE TRADE.

CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO,

200 Packages,

FROM the VERY FINEST to GOOD MIDDLING, on hand and for sale,

LOW DOWN.

PAUL JONES, JR.
sept 9-d1m No. 5 Peachtree Street.

PASCHALL HOUSE
DRAWING

OF ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

Drawing Oct. 8, 1868, most positively.

FIVE HUNDRED PRIZES.

Half Millon Worth of Property!

CERTIFICATES $5 00 EACH.

THIS grand distribution of valuable real estate property, under the management of some of the most influential and respected citizens of St. Louis, will take place October 8, 1868, without fail or postponement.

LIST OF PRIZES:

1st. Paschall House Hotel, completely furnished now bringing a rent of $10,000 per year, and located in the heart of St. Louis. Value $280 000.

2d. The residence of Capt. Dan. Able, in Memphis, Tenn., one of the most elegant in the city Value $60,000.

3d. The former residence of Gov. Welles, of Missouri, located at Jefferson City, the State capital. Value $18,000.

4th to 10th consists of valuable residences and business houses, located in St. Louis, and valued at from $14,000 to $18,000 apiece. There are also

490 OTHER PRIZES,

Consisting of money, Silver Table Sets, Pianos, Sewing Machines etc., making a scheme of such inducement never before gotten up in the West.

Certificates to be secured in Atlanta of J. C. Jones, at the Book and Music store of Phillips & Crew, corner of Alabama and White Hall streets.

Certificates $5 00 each.

Orders for Certificates by Express or Mail promptly attended to. P. S. LANHAM.
W. H. Rhea, General Agent.
aug28-dtf

Administrators' Sale.

ON the FIRST TUESDAY in November next will be sold at the Court House door in La Grange, Troupe County, Georgia, within lawful hours of sale 1,100 acres of LAND, more or less in the Hogansville District of Meriwether county, and the 11th District of Meriwether county, and known as the plantation of Dr. James F. Phillips, late of said county. Sold as the property of said deceased, for distribution.

Terms 60 days credit.

Persons desiring to look at said lands, can do so by seeing Mr. Camp on the premises, or the Administrators at Hogansville, Georgia.

JOHN D. PHILLIPS, } Administrators.
WM. E. GLANTON, }
Hogansville, Sep. 25. sep25-dtd

"Westward the Star of Empire takes its Way."

SECURE A HOMESTEAD

IN CALIFORNIA.

The Imigrant and Homestead
Association of California,

Incorporated under the laws of the State, November 30th, 1867, for the purpose of

PROVIDING HOMES
FOR ITS MEMBERS,

and thereby induce imigration.

CAPITAL STOCK $1,000,000,

Divided into 200,000 shares at $5 per share payable

IN U. S. CURRENCY.

Certificates of Stock issued to Subscribers immediately upon receipt of the money.

No Person allowed to Hold More than 5 Shares.

A Circular containing a full description of the property to be distributed among the Stockholders, sent to any address upon receipt of stamps for return postage.

Information as to price of land in any portion of the State, or upon any other subject of interest to persons proposing to imigrate, cheerfully furnished upon receipt of stamps for postage.

All letters should be addressed

Secretary Imigrant Homestead Association,
Post Office Box No. 86
sep25-d2m San Francisco, Cal.

WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

[illegible]

ON and after May 10th, 1868, Passenger Trains will run as follows:

GOING NORTH.

LEAVE ATLANTA.

8.15 A. M. DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) EXPRESS PASSENGER.—Arrive at CHATTANOOGA 4.45 P. M., connecting with trains of Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad for Nashville, Louisville and the West, and for New York and other Eastern Cities via Louisville; also with trains of Memphis and Charleston Railroad for Memphis, New Orleans, etc.

4.15 P. M. DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) DALTON ACCOMMODATION.—Arrive at Marietta at 5.55 P. M., Cartersville 8.13 P. M., Kingston 9.19 P. M., Dalton 12.39 A. M.

7.00 P. M. DAILY GREAT NORTHERN MAIL.—Arrive at DALTON 1.30 A. M., connecting with trains for Knoxville, Lynchburg, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York. Arrive at CHATTANOOGA at 4, A. M., conecting with trains of Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad for Nashville, Louisville and the West, and for New York and other Eastern cities via Louisville; also with trains of Memphis and Charleston Railroad for Memphis, St. Louis and the West.

COMING SOUTH

ARRIVE AT ATLANTA.

3.45 A. M. DAILY GREAT SOUTHERN MAIL.—Leaving CHATTANOOGA at 7.10 P. M., connecting with trains of Nashville and Chattanooga and Memphis and Charleston Railroads, and Dalton at 9.48 P. M., connecting with trains of E. T. and Ga. Railroad.

11.00 A. M. DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) DALTON ACCOMMODATION.—Leave Dalton at 2.10 A. M., Kingston 5.23 A. M., Cartersville 6.18 A. M., Marietta at 9.27 A. M.

1.10 P. M. DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAYS) EXPRESS PASSENGER.—Leave Chattanooga at 4.30 A. M., connecting with trains of Nashville and Chattanooga, and Memphis and Charleston Railroads.

Pullman's Patent Sleeping Coaches ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS.

E. B WALKER.
aug16—d Master of Transportation.

GREAT BARGAINS.

I WILL SELL MY

Large Brick House,

WITH FIFTEEN ROOMS, sixteen Fire Places, fourteen Closets, Kitchen forty by twenty feet, good Store Room, with all necessary outbuildings an excellent Well of Water, with the lot on which the same is situated, containing near half an acre, one hundred and twenty yards from the passenger depot, on Decatur street, in the city of Atlanta, Ga. Also,

A Good Plantation,

ON Connessaura River, eight miles from Dalton, in Whitfield county, one and a half miles from Tilton, on the Western and Atlantic Railroad, containing Five Hundred Acres, well adapted to the cultivation of Grain, Clover, and very fair for Cotton. Also,

Ten Lots of Wild Land,

WITH A GOLD MINE that pays well for work. The above property must be sold. Terms made easy.

R. J. COWART,
sept11d Atlanta, Ga.

AT THE

City Drug Store!

Do You Want Drugs,

MEDICINES,

Dye-Stuffs, Paints,

OILS, WHITE LEAD, &c., &c.!

CALL AND

EXAMINE FOR YOURSELVES.

I AM NOW RECEIVING

Copperas, Madder, Indigo, Spice, Pepper, Ginger, Blue Stone, &c.

A Large Lot of Window Glass, Patent Medicines, Perfumeries and Fancy Articles,

AND ANY ARTICLE TO BE FOUND IN

A First Class Drug Store,

SUCH AS

Oils, of Every Description, Putty,

CHEMICALS,

Fancy Soaps, and Toilet Articles! Brushes, Alcohol, &c.,

From the Most Renowned Laboratories in the World!

—AT—

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL,

AND AT

THE LOWEST PRICES,

MEDICINES WARRANTED

PURE and UNADULTERATED.

PRESCRIPTIONS

Compounded Night and Day!

BY A

Thoroughly Competent Pharmaceutist.

SODA WATER,

COLD ENOUGH TO FREEZE AN ICEBERG,

TRY BEFORE YOU BUY!

Corner of Whitehall and Marietta Streets, Old Norcross Corner,

aug14 W. C. LAWSHE.

CAPITOL

Drug Store!

L. H. BRADFIELD,

DEALER IN

PAINTS, OILS, DYE-STUFFS,

Drugs and Patent Medicines,

Also, WHOLESALE AGENT for

PROPHITT'S REMEDIES:

Prophitt's Liver Medicine.
Prophitt's Pain Kill It.
Prophitt's Anti-Bilious Pills.

The excellent remedies of O. S. Prophitt, M. D., need no recommendation. Their well known power in removing the diseases peculiar to our Southern Climate, having already established for them an enviable reputation in Georgia and the adjoining States. As the majority of persons living in the South are pre-disposed to disease of the Liver, it is granted by all intelligent physicians that most of the pains and aches of our people are due to organic or functional derangement of that important organ. Prophitt's Anti-Bilious Pills and Liver Medicine strike directly at the root of the evil. They cure the Liver which, in nine cases out of ten, is at the bottom of the Coughs, Dyspepsia, Colic, Sick Headache, Rheumatism, Constipation, Menstrual Obstructions, etc., so common among our people. Earache, Toothache. Acute Rheumatism, Neuralgia, and bodily pains of every kind, flee before PROPHITT'S PAIN KILL IT like chaff before the wind.

L. H. BRADFIELD,
Wholesale Agent for
Prophitt's Celerated Family Medicines,
aug13-d2m Whitehall Street, Atlanta.

"THE LIVE DRUG STORE"

REDWINE & FOX

Have in Store and to Arrive,

20,000 Pounds White Lead;
25 Barrels Fine Copperas;
1 Car Load Coal Oil;
500 Boxes Window Glass;
10,000 Pounds Choice Putty;
10 Casks Linseed Oil;
50 Gross Wine Bottles;
5 Bales (O. K.) Corks;
5 Cases Best Spanish Float Indigo;
200 Ounces Sulph. Quinine;
50 Ounces Sulph. Morphine;
50 Pounds Opium;
50 Gross Swift & Courtney Parlor Matches;

ALL THE

POPULAR PATENT MEDICINES,

And everything usually found in a

FIRST CLASS DRUG HOUSE,

All of which we offer

LOW FOR CASH.

REDWINE & FOX,

Cor. Whitehall and Alabama streets,

aug8 Atlanta, Georgia.

A. A. ECHOLS. L. B. LANGFORD. J. W. M'CRATH.

Echols, Langford & McCrath.

HAVING bought the stock of goods of Mr. E. W. Rawson, and united it with the stock and business of Langford & McCrath, we are now conducting a general Stove, Tinning and House Furnishing Business, at the old stand of Richardson & Sanford, Whitehall street.

Intending to keep a full and well assorted stock, the former patrons of these two houses, as well as the public generally, are invited to give us a call.

ECHOLS, LANGFORD & McCRATH.
Atlanta, 1st September, 1868.

The Daily Constitution,

DAILY CIRCULATION OVER 3,000!

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, OCTOBER 3.

Shadows in the Valley.

BY E. L. PLISH.

There is a mossy, shady valley,
Where the waters wind and flow,
And the daisies sleep in winter,
Death a sheerlid of snow;
And violets, blue-eyed violets,
Bloom in beauty in the Spring,
And the sunbeams kiss the wavelets,
Till they seem to laugh and sing.

But in Autumn, when the sunlight
Crowns the color-covered hill,
Shadows darken in the valley,
Shadows ominous and still;
And the yellow leaves, like banners
Of an elfin host that's fled,
Ting'd with gold and royal purple,
Sadly flutter overhead.

And those shadows, gloomy shadows,
Like dim phantoms on the ground,
Stretch their dreamy length forever
On a dairy-covered mound;
And I loved her, yes I loved her,
But the angels loved her, too,
So she's sleeping in the valley,
'Neath the sky so bright and blue.

And no slab or pallid marble,
Rears its white and ghastly head,
Telling wanderers in the valley
Of the virtues of the dead.
But a lily is her tombstone,
And a dew-drop pure and white,
Is the epitaph an angel
Wrote in stillness of the night.

And I'm mournful very mournful,
For my soul doth ever crave
For the fading of the Shadows
From the little woodland grave,
For the memory of the loved one,
From my soul will never part,
And those shadows in the valley,
Dim the sunshine of my heart.

Southern Writers.

From the New York Evening Mail, 18.

The disastrous results of the war to all parties in the South have brought large numbers of workers from that section to this city; workers of all kinds—mechanics, tradesmen, *litterateurs*, professional men, teachers, and journalists. The aggregate number of those from the South resident here has been stated at twenty-five thousand, and there are reasons to believe that that number is under the mark.

We mention a few of the most noted of those who belong to the department of mind-workers.

There is Edward A. Pollard, formerly of the Richmond Examiner, whose Political Pamphlet appeared a few weeks ago, who wields one of the most trenchant pens in the whole country. Mr. Pollard is noted for his hostility to the fallen chief of the Lost Cause, for his bitter opposition to the Radical domination, and the unsparing asperity of his discussions. His greatest distinction is due to his books on the war and the leaders in it. These have been eminently successful in their peculiar way.

There is A. J. Requier, of Mobile, who in less than two years' practice before the New York bar has reached a position in that profession higher even than he occupied in Mobile. Judge Requier is at the same time a poet of the most exquisite art.

There is Jas. D. McCabe, Jr., of Virginia, well known for his polished and graphic histories of the campaigns of Lee and Jackson; also for several novels. McCabe is one of the most successful of the young writers of the South; and he is working with earnestness and promise for the future. He resides in Brooklyn.

There is Jno. R. Thompson, of Virginia, well and widely known as a most accomplished journalist, lecturer, poet, and critic. He resides in the city; but is over the country lecturing a good deal. He conducted the Literary Messenger in Richmond with great success for many years.

There, too, is Josiah C. Nott, of Mobile, the most distinguished savan of the South. His name is known to the scientific world through The Types of Mankind, published in conjunction with Mr. Gliddon several years ago. But Dr. Nott, besides his high position as a physician, has published several able scientific works, and is a frequent contributor to the Journal of Science.

Of ladies, there is Miss Nelly Marshall, of Kentucky, who is a universal favorite in the West and South. She is known better as a writer of fiction than as a poet, though her poetry has in it the clear ring of the Mrs. Norton school.

And Miss Brock, of Virginia, whose *Richmond during the War* brought her favorably before the book-reading public a year ago, is also resident in our city. She devotes herself entirely to her pen, both in fiction and verse.

Then, adjacent to the field of letters, is that of music; and in this the representative is Miss McCulloch, of Max Maretzek's great opera troupe, of whom we made mention a day or two ago.

One step further removed from letters is the mimic stage; and in this domain there is Mr. Sloman, a genius in his way—the way of concert shows, jolly songs, and "parlor entertainments." He, too, has struck tents and is, with his musical family, a denizen of the great Gotham.

There is yet room for more.

WESTERN KENTUCKY.—Western Kentucky is the place to make a fortune farming. Any able-bodied young man who will go there and work can, in a few years, place himself in comfortable circumstances. We know an instance of a man, says the Paducah Kentuckian of a late date, who, in 1854, landed at Paducah with his family and a little household furniture. He did not have money to pay his steamboat fare, and one of our merchants generously paid it for him. He went into Graves county, rented land and made a crop of tobacco. With the proceeds of his tobacco crop, he made a payment on a tract of land. That man to-day is worth fifty thousand dollars, and he made it by cultivating tobacco. Our Southern friends who are looking for some country to emigrate to, ought to look at Western Kentucky. There are thousands of acres of the finest tobacco lands to be found in any section of the country there that can be bought at from ten to thirty dollars per acre. These lands are easily cleared, and will produce from one thousand to one thousand five hundred pounds of tobacco to the acre, which, at present rates, is worth from one hundred to two hundred dollars per acre. Besides being fine tobacco lands, they are finely adapted to grass and the cereals. Any man who can and will work can make a fortune in a few years cultivating tobacco lands in Western Kentucky.

Special to the Louisville Courier.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—General Frank P. Blair arrived here this morning, and, after meeting a few of his intimate friends, left for Silver Springs to spend the day with his father. He declined a public demonstration, which his enthusiastic admirers were anxious to get up for him. He left to-night for Pennsylvania to speak there.

POLITICAL.

The Radicals hereabouts are playing the game of brag, offering large bets of stolen money on the election of Grant, and whistling to keep their courage up. But information received from all parts of the country by the National Democratic Executive Committee is all that the most sanguine patriot could wish, and the prospect of the triumphant election of Seymour grows brighter every day.

MEETING IN CHATTOOGA.—From Dr. Meddox we learn that the Democratic meeting at Summerville, on Saturday last, was a splendid affair. An immense crowd was present, and the greatest enthusiasm prevailed.

Col. James D. Waddell entertained the audience in a speech of one hour and three quarters. We are informed that it was a masterly effort, and reflected great credit upon the speaker. Col. Waddell is a fine orator.

Gen. Young followed in a short speech, entertained with his usual pointed style.

Look out for a good report from Chattooga, on November third. Her people are all right on the issue.—Rome Commercial.

THE CONSTITUTION,

Daily and Semi-Weekly,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA,

BY CAREY W. STYLES & CO.

Daily Circulation Over 2,600.

Semi-Weekly Circulation 1,500.

THE CONSTITUTION is intensely DEMOCRATIC

and neither pains, enterprise, nor money will be spared, in the efforts of the Proprietors, to make it a leading organ, and one of the first papers in the South.

THE CONSTITUTION has scarcely laid aside its baptismal robes, and yet its circulation is equal to, if not greater, than any political paper in Georgia. This unparalleled success is mainly attributable to the industry and enterprise which have characterized its management.

As its name imports, it is battling for the Constitution and the liberties of the people; and the patronage it has received, assures the Proprietors that their labors are appreciated, and their policy endorsed.

As an advertising medium, THE CONSTITUTION is, perhaps, superior to any paper published in the State, its circulation being confined to no particular locality, but extending from one end of the State to the other, and from the Savannah to the Chattahoochee.

The Proprietors intend no relaxation of their energy, but will add new features of interest and more vigorous enterprise as patronage increases; and they hope in future, as in the past, to merit the good will and plaudits of their numerous readers.

CARY W. STYLES & CO.

DAILY, PER ANNUM..... $10 00
" SIX MONTHS..... 5 00
" ONE MONTH..... 1 00

SEMI-WEEKLY, PER ANNUM..... $3 00
" SIX MONTHS..... 1 50
" THREE MONTHS..... 1 00

MANHATTAN CO-OPERATIVE RELIEF ASSOCIATION.

Office: 658 Broadway,
(Cohnits de bond street),
NEW YORK.

THE MANHATTAN CO-OPERATIVE RELIEF ASSOCIATION is organized under the General Laws of the State of New York.

OBJECT.

The object of this Association is to secure a cash payment, within forty days after the death of a member, of as many dollars as there are members in the class to which he or she belongs, to his or her heirs.

MEMBERSHIP FEES.

The membership fees are Six Dollars at joining, (for which a policy will be furnished), and one dollar and ten cents on the death of each member, of which due notice will be given. One dollar from each member goes to the widow or heirs of the deceased member, and the ten cents for the expenses of collecting.

INVESTMENTS.

The By-Laws of the Association require that one-third of the money received as new membership fees shall be paid as a sinking fund to meet payments falling due by the delinquencies of members. This fund is held by the National Trust Company, and will be invested in United States bonds or real estate, or bond and mortgage upon New York City property, which property shall be double the value of the money so loaned.

THE FUNDS.

The remaining two-thirds, after paying the expenses of the Association, shall be invested in real estate in the City of New York, or in bond and mortgage on property in the City of New York, the interest of which shall go to pay the current expenses of the Association. If a deceased member leaves no heir, the money becomes the property of the Association, with the proviso, that the expenses of burial shall be paid out of such funds—said expenses, however, not to exceed one hundred dollars.

A member failing to pay his fee of one dollar and ten cents within thirty days from date of notice forfeits all claims upon the Association, and also forfeits all money previously paid. In the Pacific States this time is extended to sixty days. A member having no permanent residence must notify the Secretary, and appoint a representative to pay his fees.

When members choose they can send Eleven Dollars to the Treasurer to prepay their fees, which sum will pay for ten deaths, thus saving the trouble of sending $1 10 each time. No man is so poor that he cannot pay Six Dollars now and $1 10 occasionally, thus securing $5,000 to his heirs. The average number of dollars each person will have to pay to secure $5,000 will be $30 per year, a little over 57 cents per week. This mode of life insurance cost about one-sixth what they would have to pay any regular Insurance Company for a $5,000 policy.

The Company is divided into ten classes for men and ten classes for women. As soon as these classes are filled ten new classes will be formed. Men and women are not allowed in the same classes. Every thing is done to make each class equal.

Series I.

CLASSES.

In class A	all persons bet'n the ages of	15	&	20 y'rs.
" B	"	"	20	" 25 "
" C	"	"	25	" 30 "
" D	"	"	30	" 35 "
" E	"	"	35	" 40 "
" F	"	"	40	" 45 "
" G	"	"	45	" 50 "
" H	"	"	50	" 55 "
" I	"	"	55	" 60 "
" K	"	"	60	" 65 "

The classes for women are the same as above. Any one that is found to give his or her age wrong will be expelled, and the moneys paid forfeited to the Association. Each class is limited to 5,000 members. Each person pays six dollars upon becoming a member, and one dollar and ten cents each time a member dies *belonging to the same class he or she may be a member of.*

A member of one class cannot be assessed this dollar of a member of another class dies. Each class is INDEPENDENT, *having no connection with any other.*

ILLUSTRATION.

Class "A" has 5,000 male members. A member dies. The Association pays over within forty days $5,000 to the widow or heirs, and the remaining members forward one dollar and ten cents each to the Association to reimburse it. Failing to send this sum they forfeit to the Association all moneys paid, and the Association supplies a new member to fill the place of the retiring one.

ADVANTAGES.

The advantage of this Association over ordinary Life Insurance Companies are: No panics can break it; the fees are so small, and required to be paid at such long intervals, that any man can secure to his family a competency upon his death.

HOW TO BECOME MEMBERS.

Any one desiring to become a member must send Six Dollars, in Check, Bank Draft, Postal Order, or by Express, the expressage being paid by the applicant. *Under no circumstances will the Association be responsible for moneys sent but in this way.* Persons paying an agent otherwise than by check, postal order, draft, go at their own risk. All checks, &c., must be made payable to the order of W. S. CARMAN, Treasurer. Accompanying the money must be a paper giving the applicant's full name—Age—Birthplace—Present Occupation—Who the Policy is in favor of—Post Office address; Town, County and State. Also, a *Medical Certificate*, setting forth the physical condition, and whether, in opinion of the Doctor examining the applicant is a proper person to be insured. Blank forms of application for membership will be sent upon application.

Agents are not allowed to receive money but in the form of a check, draft or postal order, made payable to the order of W. S. CARMAN, Treasurer.

Each member ought to try to make new members, by so doing he benefits himself. No letter will be noticed that does not contain a 3-cent postage stamp to prepay postage.

All communications should be addressed

Manhattan Co-Operative Relief Association,
658 BROADWAY, (Cor. of Bond Street).

E. McMURDY.
WELSON T. WRIGHT, Pres't Star Met Co.
TRUSTEES W. S. CARMAN, Pr's't Stuyvesant Bank.
H. W. FORD, Cash., Bank of Republic
L. W. MURRAY
E. McMURDY, President.
ELSON T. WRIGHT, Vice-President.
OFFICERS W. S. CARMAN, Treasurer
LEWIS SANDERS, Secretary.
JOHN A. ROBISON, M. D., Exam. Phys
T. R. GRAY, M. D., Exam'g Physician.

N. B.—Parties paying agents in money do so at their own risk. The Association will not be responsible for money so paid.

A General Agent wanted for each state and Territory. General Agents will be required to give the best of references, and proper bonds. Agents wanted in every town in the United States and Canadas.

A doctor will be in attendance at the office to examine applicants.

Circulars can be had at this office.

sep9 d1m

CLAYTON & ADAIR,

Commission Merchants,

Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.,

HAVE ON HAND and to arrive, for sale for CASH:

100 bags Cohen's Choice Family Flour,
200 " Extra and Family of other mills.
150 " Fresh Ground Corn Meal,
20,000 pounds Clear Bacon Sides,
2,000 bushels Prime White Corn,
2,000 pounds Sole and Upper Leather,
25 Dozen Calf Skins,
20 bales Cotton Yarns, Assorted Numbers,
5 bales Striped Osnaburgs,
25 tons Soluble Pacific Guano,
10 " Mape's Phosphate of Lime,
100 boxes Soap, "Queen of England,"
200 bags Virginia Salt,
Sugar, Coffee, Candles, Soda, Pepper, Spice, Smoking Tobacco, &c., &c.

Also, we are Agents for Wilder's Patent Fire-proof Safe, American Scale Co., and Gullett's improved Patent Steel Brush Cotton Gins.

Send in your orders. Yours truly,

aug6 3m CLAYTON & ADAIR.

NEWSPAPER FOR SALE!

THE ALBANY

TRI-WEEKLY NEWS

IS OFFERED FOR SALE!

FINDING IT IMPOSSIBLE TO RUN BOTH THE CONSTITUTION and the NEWS, without fatal neglect to one or the other, I propose to sell the latter.

The NEWS is in a flourishing condition, having a liberal Circulation, and as much Advertising Patronage as it can accommodate. It has yielded handsome profits since I purchased it in October last, and in practical hands, with vigor in its editorial management, can be made the best paying paper in Georgia. There is a well appointed

Job Office Attached,

And the Job Work of the City will run the establishment if rightly managed.

There are two PRESSES, one of Hoe's Drum Cylinder, and one Washington Hand Press in good order, and material enough to run a Daily and Weekly. I will sell on liberal terms if application is made within thirty Days.

Address CARRELL W. STYLES,
CONSTITUTION OFFICE, Atlanta, Ga.
or STYLES & EVANS,
Albany, Ga.

The Press requested to notice. sept

Portable Steam Engine and Boiler for Sale.

ONE of thirty-horse power, almost new, and best finished Saws in the city. Suitable for a Wholesale, Provision Grain, or Commission Business.

Possession 1st of October. VROOTMAN.

Also, some of the BEST UNIMPROVED BUSINESS PROPERTY in the city for sale. sept 3d

WM. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.,

GROCERS

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

OLD STAND, DECATUR ST.,

ATLANTA, GA.,

KEEP constantly in store a large stock of Provisions and Groceries. We most respectfully solicit an inspection of our stock by buyers, before making their purchases. We make cash purchases, therefore, get goods on the best terms, and are content with very small profits.

We are now receiving A WELL ASSORTED STOCK of Choice Family Groceries, embracing Coffee, of all grades, Sugars, Teas, Spices, Peppers, Cheese, Fish, Tobacco, Cigars, and all other articles to be found in a First Class Grocery House.

W. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.

WHITE WINE VINEGAR, Pure Cider Vinegar, and Madeira Wine for cooking purposes,

W. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.

THE PURE POPLAR LOG WHISKY, as originally introduced by us, a good supply constantly on hand and sold *only* by us, unless purchased from us.

W. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.

Bird's Eye Lime.

WE ARE SOLE AGENTS for Rogers' Celebrated Birds Eye Lime. No better Lime for all purposes is manufactured in this country.

If you wish good masonry, plastering, or a fertilizer, use the purest lime. We keep constantly on hand, fresh from kilns, a good supply, and can furnish promptly, any quantity desired. Every barrel guaranteed.

sep25-d2t W. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.

BACON, BACON. We have now in store and on sale 75,000 lbs. Bacon—Sides, Shoulders and Hams. LARD—Best Leaf—Tierces, Kegs and Caddies.

W. M. WILLIAMS & BRO.

July 23d, 1868. d3m

First Baptist Church.

A FAIR commencing on the 6th, and ending on the 14th of October, 1868, will be held in the city of Atlanta by the Building Committee and the ladies of the First Baptist Church, for the purpose of raising funds to complete their Church Building, which is now in process of erection.

Donations to the Fair are respectfully solicited. Business Houses, Manufacturing Companies &c., will receive due publicity from the exhibition of their contributions.

Contributions should be marked, "Donations, Fair First Baptist Church, Atlanta, Ga."

The most spacious hall in the city has been procured for the occasion, and will be gorgeously decorated with rare flowers and evergreens from the coast.

The following generous offers have been made to the Church:

Our Roads will pass all visitors to the Fair (to be held in the city of Atlanta in October next) coming and returning for one fare. Will also transport all donations to the Fair free of charge.

L. P. Grant, Superintendent Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

C. Wallace, Superintendent Western and Atlantic Railroad.

E. W. Cole, Superintendent Georgia Railroad.

A. J. White, Superintendent Macon and Western Railroad.

H. T. Peake, General Superintendent South Carolina Railroad.

Virgil Powers, Engineer and Superintendent Southwestern Railroad.

Daniel Cram, Superintendent Montgomery and Weldon Railroad.

Wade S. Cothran, President Rome Railroad.

Isaac Benson, Superintendent East Tennessee and Georgia Railroad.

E. H. Ewing, Superintendent Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad.

J. B. Hoile, East Tennessee and Virginia Railroad.

W. J. Ross, General Superintendent Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

W. M. Wadley, President Central Railroad and Banking Company.

The Southern Express Company will transport all donations to the First Baptist Church Fair free of charge over the Railroads terminating at Atlanta, Ga.

E. HULBERT,
Sup't Southern Express Co.

OFFICE PULMAN, KIMBALL & RAMSEY'S SLEEPING CAR COMPANY,
Atlanta, Ga. July 18 1868.

Visitors to the Fair for the benefit of the First Baptist Church of this city, to be held in October next, will be passed over our lines, coming and returning, for one fare.

N. J. KIMBALL,
General Manager.

We will charge only half rates to persons visiting the Fair to be held in the city of Atlanta, in October next by the First Baptist Church.

R. B. Pond, Proprietor National Hotel.
SASSEEN, YORK & JOURDAN, U. S. Hotel.
WHITE & WHITLOCK, American Hotel.

aug8

JAMES H. ANDERSON. LOUIS F. ANDERSON.

J. H. ANDERSON & SON,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GENERAL PRODUCE

AND

Commission Merchants,

THIRD STREET,

Adjoining Hardeman & Sparks' Warehouse

MACON GA.

June16-3m

Geo. L. Anderson & Co.,

GROCERS,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Mitchell street, near Whitehall,

ATLANTA.....GEORGIA.

IN STORE:

20 HHDS. CLEAR SIDES,
10 hhds. Shoulders,
10 barrels Molasses,
10 sacks Coffee,
15 barrels Sugar,
25 barrels Lard,
30 kegs Lard,

Mackerel, Rice, Vinegar, Starch, Candles, Soap, Crockery Ware, Shoes, &c., &c., for sale cheap for cash, or exchanged for Wheat at a fair price.

G. L. ANDERSON & CO.

WANTED.

2,000 BUSHELS CHOICE WHEAT, by the week ending, for which a fair price will be paid.

G. L. ANDERSON & CO.

Atlanta, Ga., June 16, 1868—3m

T. G. RUST. T. M. JOHNSON. R. A. JOHNSON.

RUST, JOHNSON & CO.,

Cotton Factors,

WAREHOUSE AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

OFFICE DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

Collections attended to and Remittances promptly made.

ALBANY, GEORGIA.

june16-3m

FOR SALE!

FLOUR.

300 BAGS Double Extra and Choice Family, for sale by

Planters Sugar and Barrels Molasses,
A few Barrels Golden Syrup,
Bags Rio Coffee,
Hhds. Refined and Brown Sugars,
Bags Salt,
Barrels Plaster of Paris,
40 bbls. Hydraulic Cement,
20,000 lbs. Sweet's Iron Ties,

BACON.

20 casks Clear and Clear Rib Sides,
5 tierces Sugar-cured Canvassed Hams,
10,000 lbs. Smoked Bacon Shoulders,
Mess Pork—a small lot,
Sugars,
Tobacco,
Fine cut Smoking Tobacco,
Candles,
Soda,
Soap.

For sale on reasonable terms to the trade.

A. K. SEAGO,
Grocer and Commission Merchant.

The Turnip Crop.

WE advise the application of three to five hundred pounds of Chesapeake Guano per acre on land planted in Turnips. If the seed has already been sown, the Guano should be used as a top dressing, which we guarantee will increase the production from one hundred to five hundred per cent. This crop should be made profitable for domestic use and for marketing purposes.

We take pleasure in referring to the following gentlemen who have used the Chesapeake Guano:

Col. W. B. C. PUCKETT, Cherokee Co.
Maj. B. H. BROOMHEAD, West End Atlanta.
GEO. T. BOROUGHS, Milton county.
PHILIP GRAHAM, Cherokee county.
Dr. SAMUEL JEWIN, Clayton county.
Mr. SPEAR, Henry county.
Dr. GEO. R. WHITE, Fulton county.
LEMUEL KENDRICK, Fulton county.
M. E. D VAUGHN, Clayton county.
Dr. COWAN, DeKalb county.
B. H. HARPER, Fairburn, Ga.
J. H. BORN, Lithonia, Ga.
JACKSON, GRAHAM, Milton county.
W. S. SMITH,
R. H. ELLIOTT, Jonesboro.
Col. S. G. HOWELL, Gwinnett county.
J. R. MAFFETT, Lawrenceville, Ga.
JOHN C. ROGERS, Fulton county.
Rev. C. W. THOMAS, Atlanta.

And many others whose names we have not space to insert.

I offer to the trade 100 tons of the Chesapeake Guano, and a constant supply of Land Plaster.

A. K. SEAGO,
Commission Merchant,
Atlanta, Ga.

FOR SALE.

FORTY CITY LOTS in and near Atlanta; most of them unimproved. Will be sold on easy terms, by

A. K. SEAGO,
Corner Forsyth and Mitchell streets,
aug18-d3m Atlanta, Ga.

P. B. McDANIEL. C. H. STRONG. B. F. MOSES

McDANIEL, STRONG & CO.,

Cotton Warehouse

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Corner Prior and Hunter Sts.,

In sight of the Passenger Depot, and near the United States and American Hotels,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

WITH the advent of another Cotton Season, we renew to our friends and patrons the offer of our service in the storage and sale of their cotton. We have demonstrated the fact by the experience of past seasons, and particularly of the last, that Atlanta is one of the best interior cotton markets of the South. This is due chiefly to her situation; being on the direct route from the producing districts to the large seaport marts, and having the advantage of three routes to New York, via Savannah, Charleston and Norfolk, all of which are freely and satisfactorily used. The importance of Atlanta as a cotton market was, during the last season, acknowledged by the New York buyers, many of whom made extensive purchases which with the local competition enabled us to realize the most satisfactory prices; relatively higher in most instances than could have been obtained by our consignors, by shipments to more distant points.

The members of our firm are all men of large experience in cotton, and well known in the community. Our Warehouse cannot be surpassed, being of large dimensions, completely sheltered and fire-proof. Every money facility usual in such cases we are prepared to furnish.

McDANIEL, STRONG & Co.

aug 27-d3m

Castle Rock Coal!

We are now prepared to furnish this

CELEBRATED COAL

IN ANY QUANTITY,

EITHER for manufacturing or domestic use. Having established a

Yard Opposite Our Warehouse,

for the receipt and delivery of the same, families can be supplied at short notice when

Orders are Left at Our Office.

THIS COAL being free from Sulphur and not liable to slack by exposure, renders it superior for purposes above named. Prices, at our yard, are as follows:

Lump Coal, per Car Load, 25c. p bushel of 80 lbs.
" " Less than " 30 " "
Fine " per " 20 " "
" " Less than " 25 " "

Orders respectfully solicited and contracts made for shipments from the mines direct. We will also furnish COKE of the very best quality, when desired, at lowest prices.

GLENN, WRIGHT & CARR.

Atlanta, September 10, 1868. septl0d3m

A PRIZE

FOR EVERY ONE,

AT

I. T. BANKS'

SHOE AND LEATHER STORE.

FOR the least possible amount of Gold, Silver or Greenbacks, you can buy

Boots, Shoes,
Hemlock and Oak Sole Leather,
Upper Leather,
French and American Calf and Kip Skins,
Linings, Bindings, Trappings,
Hickory Shirts, Overalls, and
Shoe-makers' Tools

of all kinds, in large or small quantities.

Upwards of one hundred cases of the above goods received this week, and more on the way.

I. T. BANKS,
Rawson's Building,
Corner Whitehall and Hunter streets.

aug23

JNO. W. WALKER, Atlanta, Ga. GEO. V. ALLEN, Fredonia, N. Y. JNO. F. TREUTLEN, Savannah, Ga.

NOTICE OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

We have this day associated ourselves together under the style of

WALKER, ALLEN & TREUTLEN,

—AS—

COTTON FACTORS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND SHIPPING AGENTS,

In this city, and would solicit from our friends and the public generally,

CONSIGNMENTS OF COTTON, GRAIN AND PRODUCE GENERALLY.

Special attention will be given to orders for BAGGING, ROPE, etc. When desired, will make usual advances on Produce in store.

WALKER, ALLEN & TREUTLEN,
Savannah, Ga., Sept 19th, 1868. Office, No. 3 Drayton street.

No Politics in Business!

ON HAND AND TO ARRIVE,

KEROSENE, SIXTY CENTS PER GALLON,

2,000 POUNDS OF BLUE STONE,

Pure Liquors and Wines with the Tax Off!

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, Varnishes, &c.

PRESCRIPTIONS Compounded With Skill, Accuracy, DISPATCH, and *Satisfaction* GUARANTEED!

Rare Toilet Articles, French Perfumery, Pomades, Soaps, Combs,

Patent Medicines, Concentrated Flavoring Extracts.

Pure Linseed Oil, Boiled and Raw, fresh from the Crushers, by the Gallon or Barrel.

Iron Requires no Grinding and Less Oil in Mixing Than any Other Metalic Paint.

Pure Train, Tanners' and Machine Oils, by the Gallon or Barrel.

Sole Agents for the Celebrated "Richmond Metalic Paint," Warranted the Best Mineral Paint in the Market; Contains 75¼ Per Cent.

All the above Articles, in *Quality* the *Best*, in Quantity *Abundant*. Prices *Low for Cash*.

J. S. WILLSON, M. D., (Successor to Willson & Crane.)
Under National Hotel, Atlanta, Ga.

sept19d1

THE UNION RESTORED!

POLITICAL DISABILITIES REMOVED!

NOW, if you want your PHYSICAL INFIRMITIES removed, call on

SWANSON & BOYKIN,

DRUGGISTS,

WHITEHALL : : : : : : : : : : STREET,

And Get a Bottle of

DR. LAWRENCE'S ROSADALIS,

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER,

Which is the PANACEA for All Diseases Arising from an Impure State of the Blood.

We have also in store everything to be found in a

FIRST-CLASS DRUG HOUSE,

SUCH AS,

PAINTS, OILS, WINDOW-GLASS, PUTTY,

DRUGS, CHEMICALS,

All The Popular Patent Medicines,

PERFUMERY, TOILET ARTICLES, &C.

PRESCRIPTIONS FILLED at all hours, day and night, by a competent Pharmacist.

aug4

DAILY PASSENGER LINE

BETWEEN

Atlanta and New York,
Philadelphia, Washington,

AND OTHER

EASTERN CITIES

VIA

Western and Atlantic,

—AND—

Virginia & Tennessee Railways.

—:o:—

ALL RAIL ROUTE!

—:o:—

Time Table, May 1st, 1868.

NORTH.

Leave Atlanta	7 00 P M
Leave Dalton	3 30 A M
Leave Knoxville	11.17 A M
Leave Bristol	7.18 P M
Leave Lynchburg	9 00 A M
Leave Washington	1.00 P M
Leave Baltimore	6.15 P M
Leave Philadelphia	1.32 A M
Arrive at New York	5.30 A M

SOUTH.

Leave New York	7.35 P M
Leave Philadelphia	11.00 P M
Leave Baltimore	3.50 A M
Leave Washington	6.30 A M
Leave Lynchburg	5.32 P M
Leave Bristol	7.10 A M
Leave Knoxville	2.56 P M
Leave Dalton	9.45 P M
Arrive at Atlanta	4.45 A M

—:o:—

Time between Atlanta and New York, 57 hours.

—:o:—

The GREAT MAIL between Atlanta and New York is carried exclusively by this Line.

—:o:—

Sleeping Coaches on all Night Trains

—:o:—

THROUGH TICKETS

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